



3Q 2017

Management Discussion & Analysis

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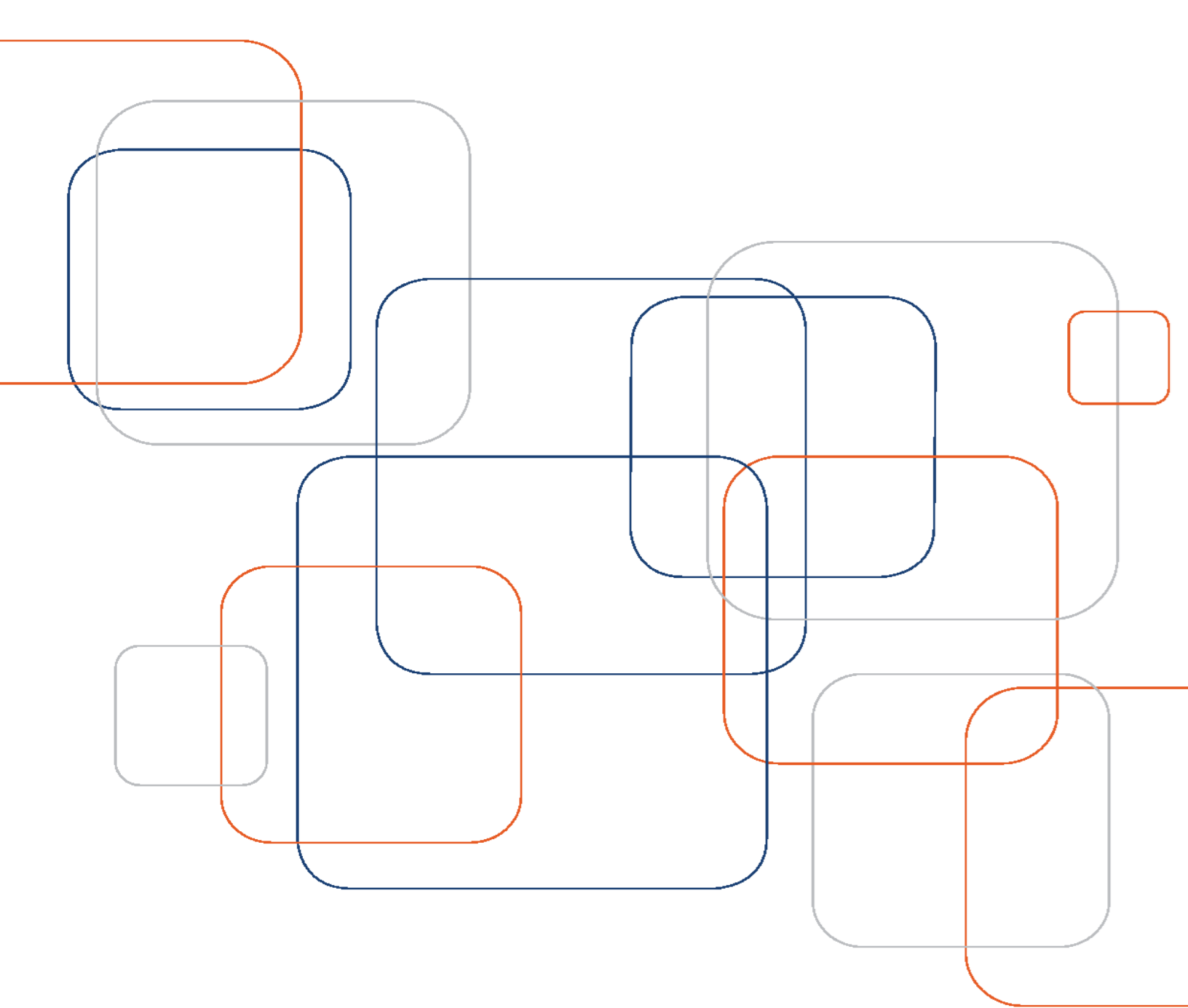
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Additional Information

This report is based on Itaú CorpBanca audited financial statements for 3Q'17, 2Q'17 and 3Q'16 prepared in accordance with the Compendium of Accounting Norms of the Superintendence of Banks and Financial Institutions (Superintendencia de Bancos e Instituciones Financieras, or SBIF) pursuant to Chilean Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (Chilean GAAP), which conform with the international standards of accounting and financial reporting issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) to the extent that there are not specific instructions or regulations to the contrary issued by the SBIF.

Solely for the convenience of the reader, U.S. dollar amounts (US\$) in this report have been translated from Chilean nominal peso (Ch\$) at our own exchange rate as of September 30, 2017 of Ch\$639.14 per U.S. dollar. Industry data contained herein has been obtained from the information provided by the SBIF.

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3rd quarter of 2017

Management Discussion & Analysis

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Itaú CorpBanca *Pro forma* Information

Itaú CorpBanca is the entity resulting from the merger of Banco Itaú Chile (Itaú Chile) with and into CorpBanca, which was consummated on April 1, 2016 ("the Merger"). After the Merger, the surviving entity's name changed to "Itaú CorpBanca". The legal acquisition of Itaú Chile by CorpBanca is deemed a reverse acquisition pursuant to standard N° 3 of the International Financial Reporting Standards (or IFRS). Itaú Chile (the legal acquirer) is considered the accounting acquirer and CorpBanca (the legal acquirer) is considered the accounting acquiree for accounting purposes. Therefore, in accordance with IFRS after the date of the Merger, Itaú CorpBanca's historical financial information (i) reflects Itaú Chile - and not CorpBanca - as the predecessor entity of Itaú CorpBanca, (ii) includes Itaú Chile's historical financial information, and (iii) does not include CorpBanca's historical financial information.

Additionally, after the Merger our investment in SMU Corp S.A. ("SMU Corp") was no longer considered strategic. Therefore, the status of this investment changed to "available for sale" for accounting purposes. In 2016, the Bank estimated that the sale of Itaú CorpBanca's investment in SMU Corp was highly likely¹. Therefore, in accordance with standard N° 5 of IFRS as of June 30, 2016 SMU Corp ceased to be consolidated in the Financial Statements of Itaú CorpBanca. SMU Corp was a joint venture with SMU S.A. —SMU is a retail business holding company controlled by CorpGroup— whose sole and exclusive purpose was the issuance, operation and management of "Unimarc" credit cards to customers of supermarkets associated with SMU.

In order to allow for comparison with periods prior to 2017, historical pro forma data of the consolidated combined results of Itaú Chile and CorpBanca deconsolidating our subsidiary SMU Corp and excluding non-recurring events is presented in this Management Discussion & Analysis report ("MD&A Report") when appropriate. The pro forma income statements for the quarters prior to the second quarter of 2016 and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 have been calculated as if the Merger occurred on January 1, 2015. The pro forma information presented here is based on (i) the combined consolidated historical unaudited Financial Statements of each of CorpBanca and Banco Itaú Chile as filed with the SBIF, (ii) the deconsolidation of SMU Corp unaudited Financial Statements as filed with the SBIF and (iii) the exclusion of non-recurring events.

The pro forma combined financial information included when appropriate in the MD&A Report is provided for illustrative purposes only, and does not purport to represent what the actual combined results of Itaú Chile and CorpBanca could have been if the acquisition occurred as of January 1, 2015.

¹ On January 30, 2017, Itaú CorpBanca announced the transfer of all of its shares in SMU Corp.

We present below pro forma financial information and operating information of Itaú CorpBanca in order to allow the analysis on the same basis of comparison as the financial information presented as of September 30, 2017 and for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Itaú CorpBanca Highlights

In Ch\$ million (except where indicated), end of period

		3Q17	2Q17	3Q16	9M17	9M16 ¹
Results	Recurring Net Income	3,221	49,519	30,848	79,078	88,341
	Net Operating Profit before loan losses ²	243,832	276,052	251,504	767,891	754,755
	Net Interest Income	181,911	187,159	180,242	549,878	563,521
Performance	Recurring Return on Tangible Avg. Adjusted assets (RoTAA) ^{3,4}	0.0%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
	Recurring Return on Tangible Avg. Equity (RoTAE) ^{3,5}	0.7%	10.8%	6.7%	5.8%	6.8%
	Risk Index (Loan loss allowances / Total loans)	3.0%	3.0%	2.7%	3.0%	2.7%
	Nonperforming Loans Ratio 90 days overdue (NPL) - Total	2.0%	1.8%	1.6%	2.0%	1.6%
	Nonperforming Loans Ratio 90 days overdue (NPL) - Chile	1.9%	1.8%	1.4%	1.9%	1.4%
	Nonperforming Loans Ratio 90 days overdue (NPL) - Colombia	2.4%	2.0%	2.0%	2.4%	2.0%
	Coverage Ratio (Loan Losses/NPL 90 days overdue) - Total	151.1%	162.6%	173.5%	151.1%	173.5%
	Efficiency Ratio (Operating expenses / Operating revenues)	65.4%	54.5%	58.0%	60.0%	55.7%
	Risk-Adjusted Efficiency Ratio (RAER)	100.7%	79.5%	84.0%	90.2%	86.4%
Balance Sheet	Total Assets	29,137,386	28,961,553	30,145,975		
	Gross Total Credit Portfolio	20,819,052	21,003,319	21,600,243		
	Total Deposits	14,243,523	14,313,150	16,352,338		
	Loan Portfolio/Total Deposits	146.2%	146.7%	132.1%		
	Equity shareholders	3,227,713	3,235,543	3,189,978		
	Tangible Equity Shareholders ⁵	1,855,638	1,857,306	1,856,448		
Other	Total Number of Employees	9,578	9,533	9,822		
	Chile	5,942	5,929	6,153		
	Colombia	3,636	3,604	3,669		
	Branches	384	391	400		
	Chile	209	215	224		
	Colombia	175	176	176		
	ATM – Automated Teller Machines	642	669	680		
	Chile	466	493	501		
	Colombia	176	176	179		

Note: (1) For the managerial results prior to 2017, we have applied the combined consolidated historical unaudited Financial Statements of each of CorpBanca and Banco Itaú Chile as filed with the SBIF, the deconsolidation criteria for SMU Corp and excluding non-recurring events. (2) Net Operating Profit before loan losses = Net interest income + Commissions and Fees + Net total financial transactions + Other Operating Income, net. (3) Annualized figures when appropriate. (4) Average total adjusted assets excluding goodwill and intangibles from business combination. (5) Tangible Equity: Shareholders equity net of goodwill, intangibles from business combination and related deferred tax liabilities; for further details see page 15 of this report.

In Ch\$ million (except where indicated), end of period		3Q17	2Q17	3Q16	9M17	9M16 ¹
Highlights	Total Shares Outstanding (Thousands)	512,406,760	512,406,760	512,406,760	512,406,760	512,406,760
	Book Value per share (Ch\$)	0.0063	0.0063	0.0062	0.0063	0.0062
	Diluted Recurring Earnings per share (Ch\$)	0.0000063	0.000097	0.000060	0.00015	0.00017
	Accounting Diluted Earnings per share (Ch\$)	0.1660	0.1737	0.0375	0.3874	0.0155
	Diluted Recurring Earnings per ADR (US\$)	0.0148	0.2183	0.1372	0.3622	0.3929
	Accounting Diluted Earnings per ADR (US\$)	0.3896	0.3925	0.0856	0.9092	0.0352
	Dividend (Ch\$ million)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Dividend per share (Ch\$)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Market capitalization (Ch\$ billion)	3,086,738	3,029,605	2,969,397	3,086,738	2,969,397
	Market capitalization (US\$ billion)	4,830	4,563	4,511	4,830	4,511
	Solvency Ratio - BIS Ratio ⁶	14.4%	14.5%	13.7%	14.4%	13.7%
	Shareholders' equity / Total assets	11.1%	11.2%	11.4%	11.1%	11.4%
	Shareholders' equity / Total liabilities	12.6%	12.7%	12.8%	12.6%	12.8%
Indicators	Ch\$ exchange rate for US\$1.0	639.14	663.97	658.20	639.14	658.20
	COP exchange rate for Ch\$1.0	0.2176	0.2177	0.2282	0.2176	0.2282
	Quarterly UF variation	0.5%	0.7%	0.7%	0.5%	0.7%
	Monetary Policy Interest Rate - Chile ⁷	2.5%	2.5%	3.5%	2.5%	3.5%
	Monetary Policy Interest Rate - Colombia ⁷	5.3%	6.3%	7.8%	5.3%	7.8%
	Inflation- Chile	0.3%	-0.0%	0.5%	1.4%	2.7%
	Inflation-Colombia	0.1%	0.8%	0.1%	3.5%	5.3%

Note: (6) BIS Ratio= Regulatory capital / RWA, according to SBIF BIS I definitions. (7) End of each period.

Net Income and Recurring Net Income

Our recurring net income attributable to shareholders totaled Ch\$3,221 million in the third quarter of 2017 as a result of the elimination of non-recurring events, which are presented in the table below, from net income attributable to shareholders of Ch\$(3,956) million for the period.

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	3Q16	9M17	9M16
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders (Accounting)	(3,956)	64,607	19,239	85,065	53,921
(+) Pro Forma Consolidation Effects					(25,939)
Pro Forma Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	(3,956)	64,607	19,239	85,065	27,982
Non-Recurring Events	7,177	(15,088)	11,609	(5,987)	60,359
Restructuring Costs	1,664	893	6,819	3,923	34,257
Transaction Costs					
Regulatory / merger effects on loan loss provisions					13,119
SBIF fine		(21,765)		(21,765)	
Loan loss provisions adjustments					
Amortization of intangibles generated through business combinations	8,569	8,692	8,768	25,950	20,847
Accounting Adjustments			288	(2,267)	10,364
Sale / revaluation of investments in companies				(3,145)	
Tax Effects	(3,056)	(2,909)	(4,266)	(8,683)	(18,228)
Recurring Net Income Attributable to Shareholders (Managerial)	3,221	49,519	30,848	79,078	88,341

Non-Recurring Events

Events that are non-recurring and at the same time that are not part of our business are the following:

- (a) Restructuring costs:** One-time integration costs.
- (b) Transactions costs:** Costs related to the closing of the merger between Banco Itaú Chile and CorpBanca, such as investment banks, legal advisors, auditors and other related expenses.
- (c) Regulatory / merger effects on loan loss provisions:** Effects of one-time provisions for loan losses due to new regulatory criteria in 2016 and additional provisions for overlapping customers between Itaú Chile and CorpBanca.
- (d) SBIF fine:** Fine imposed by the SBIF which, as instructed by the regulator, was accounted for as an expense impacting 2015 Net Income and once the Supreme Court ruled in our favour we proceeded to reverse such expense impacting 2017 Net Income.
- (e) Loan loss provisions adjustments:** Reversal of additional loan loss provisions to the regulatory minimum and provisions accounted through Price Purchase Allocation against Goodwill.
- (f) Amortization of intangibles generated through business combinations:** Amortization of intangibles arising from business combination, such as customer relationships.
- (g) Accounting adjustments:** Adjustments in light of new internal accounting estimates.
- (h) Sale / revaluation of investments in companies:** Refers to: (i) the sale of the participation in Sifin S.A. in 2015; (ii) the revaluation of our stake in Credibanco after it was converted into a joint-stock company in 2016, both in Colombia; and (iii) the fiscal effect of the sale of SMU Corp in 2017.

Managerial Income Statement

For the managerial results, we adjust for non-recurring events (as previously detailed) and for the tax effect of the hedge of our investment in Colombia – originally accounted for as income tax expense on our Net Income and then reclassified to the Net Financial transaction. For tax purposes, the “Servicio de Impuestos Internos” (Chilean Internal Revenue Service) considers that

our investment in Colombia is denominated in U.S. dollar, which based on the exchange rates of each of the desembursamientos (not current exchange rates) amounts to US\$ 1,437.51 million. As we have to translate the valuation of this investment from U.S. dollar to Chilean peso in our book each month, the volatility of the exchange rate generates an impact on the net income attributable to shareholders. In order to limit that effect, management has decided to hedge this exposure with derivatives to be analyzed along with income tax expenses.

According to our strategy, we mitigate the foreign exchange translation risk of the capital invested abroad through financial instruments. As consolidated financial statements for Itaú CorpBanca use the Chilean peso as functional currency, foreign currencies are translated to Chilean peso. For our investment in Colombia we have decided to hedge this translation risk effect in our income statement.

In the third quarter of 2017, the Chilean peso appreciated 0.04% against the Colombian peso compared with an appreciation of 5.3% in the previous quarter. Approximately 25% of our loan portfolio is denominated in Colombian peso.

Complementary to the tax effect of hedge described above, we include other managerial reclassifications of P&L lines in order to provide a better clarity of our performance such as (i) the adjustment of the fair value hedge positions accounted for as a net interest income component together with the correspondent derivative in net total financial transactions; (ii) the reclassification of FX hedge positions of US dollars denominated provisions for loan losses to result from loan losses; (iii) the reclassification of country-risk provisions to result from loan losses; (iv) some legal and notary costs from administrative expenses to net fee and commission income; (v) provisions for assets received in lieu of payment from net other operating income to result from loan losses; since 2Q'17: (vi) the reversal of excess profit sharing provisions for some of our consolidated affiliates from other operating income, net to personnel expenses; and (vii) for some costs related to ATMs that were reclassified from net fee and commission income to administrative expenses on June 2017; and since 3Q'17: (viii) provisions and write-off of assets received in lieu of payment from leasing operations from net other operating income to result from loan losses; (ix) inflation hedge results and term deposits interest rate hedge results from total financial transactions, net to net interest income. We adjusted the historical data accordingly to provide a better comparison basis.

Accounting and Managerial Income Statement reconciliation for the past two quarters is presented below.

Accounting and Managerial Income Statements Reconciliation | 3rd Quarter of 2017

In Ch\$ million	Accounting	Non-recurring Events	Tax Effect of Hedge	Managerial Reclassification	Managerial
Net operating profit before loan losses	222,327	-	12,970	8,534	243,832
Net interest income	177,954			3,957	181,911
Net fee and commission income	45,142			-	45,142
Total financial transactions, net	5,301	-	12,970	(364)	17,908
Other operating income, net	(6,070)	-		4,941	(1,129)
Result from loan losses	(77,440)	-		(8,534)	(85,974)
Provision for loan losses	(84,862)	-		(9,323)	(94,185)
Recoveries off loan losses written-off as losses	7,422	-		789	8,211
Net operating profit	144,887	-	12,970	-	157,857
Operating expenses	(171,281)	11,801		-	(159,480)
Personnel expenses	(69,463)	864		-	(68,599)
Administrative expenses	(81,199)	728		-	(80,471)
Depreciation and amortization	(20,592)	10,209			(10,383)
Impairments	(27)	-			(27)
Operating income	(26,394)	11,801	12,970	-	(1,623)
Income from investments in other companies	33	-			33
Income before taxes	(26,361)	11,801	12,970	-	(1,590)
Income tax expense	22,150	(3,684)	(12,970)		5,496
Result from discontinued operations	-	-			-
Net income	(4,211)	8,117	-	-	3,906
Minority interests	255	(941)			(686)
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	(3,956)	7,177	-	-	3,221

Accounting and Managerial Income Statements Reconciliation | 2nd Quarter of 2017

In Ch\$ million	Accounting	Non-recurring Events	Tax Effect of Hedge	Managerial Reclassification	Managerial
Net operating profit before loan losses	305,988	(21,765)	(157)	(8,014)	276,052
Net interest income	196,468			(9,309)	187,159
Net fee and commission income	44,422			(3,624)	40,798
Total financial transactions, net	39,932		(157)	9,153	48,928
Other operating income, net	25,166	(21,765)		(4,234)	(833)
Result from loan losses	(71,551)	-		2,619	(68,932)
Provision for loan losses	(79,946)	-		(2,997)	(82,943)
Recoveries off loan losses written-off as losses	8,395	-		5,615	14,010
Net operating profit	234,437	(21,765)	(157)	(5,395)	207,120
Operating expenses	(167,103)	11,216		5,395	(150,492)
Personnel expenses	(71,572)	235		1,771	(69,566)
Administrative expenses	(74,705)	587		3,624	(70,494)
Depreciation and amortization	(20,826)	10,395			(10,431)
Impairments	-	-			-
Operating income	67,334	(10,549)	(157)	-	56,628
Income from investments in other companies	952	-			952
Income before taxes	68,286	(10,549)	(157)	-	57,580
Income tax expense	(1,921)	(3,561)	157		(5,325)
Result from discontinued operations	-	-			-
Net income	66,365	(14,110)	-	-	52,255
Minority interests	(1,758)	(978)			(2,736)
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	64,607	(15,088)	-	-	49,519

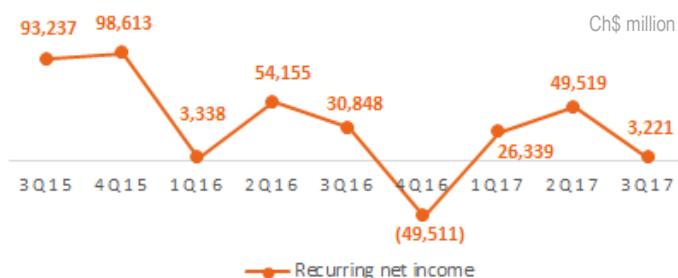
We present below the managerial income statements with the adjustments presented on the previous page:

Income Statement

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
Net Operating profit before loan losses	243,832	276,052	(32,221)	-11.7%	251,504	(7,672)	-3.1%	767,891	754,755	13,136	1.7%
Net interest income	181,911	187,159	(5,248)	-2.8%	180,242	1,668	0.9%	549,878	563,521	(13,643)	-2.4%
Net fee and commission income	45,142	40,798	4,344	10.6%	46,701	(1,559)	-3.3%	131,665	136,936	(5,271)	-3.8%
Net total financial transactions	17,908	48,928	(31,020)	-63.4%	27,723	(9,815)	-35.4%	95,582	66,750	28,832	43.2%
Other operating income, net	(1,129)	(833)	(296)	35.5%	(3,161)	2,033	-64.3%	(9,234)	(12,453)	3,218	-25.8%
Result from loan losses	(85,974)	(68,932)	(17,042)	24.7%	(65,554)	(20,421)	31.2%	(231,567)	(231,939)	372	-0.2%
Provision for loan losses	(94,185)	(82,943)	(11,243)	13.6%	(73,570)	(20,616)	28.0%	(260,478)	(253,107)	(7,371)	2.9%
Recoveries of loans written-off as losses	8,211	14,010	(5,799)	-41.4%	8,016	195	2.4%	28,911	21,169	7,743	36.6%
Net operating profit	157,857	207,120	(49,263)	-23.8%	185,950	(28,093)	-15.1%	536,324	522,816	13,508	2.6%
Operating expenses	(159,480)	(150,492)	(8,988)	6.0%	(145,779)	(13,701)	9.4%	(460,699)	(420,170)	(40,529)	9.6%
Personnel expenses	(68,599)	(69,566)	967	-1.4%	(68,864)	264	-0.4%	(204,543)	(204,741)	199	-0.1%
Administrative expenses	(80,471)	(70,494)	(9,976)	14.2%	(65,710)	(14,761)	22.5%	(225,508)	(188,357)	(37,151)	19.7%
Depreciation and amortization	(10,383)	(10,431)	48	-0.5%	(11,136)	753	-6.8%	(30,621)	(26,951)	(3,669)	13.6%
Impairments	(27)	-	(27)	-	(69)	42	-60.9%	(27)	(120)	93	-77.5%
Operating income	(1,623)	56,628	(58,251)	-	40,172	(41,795)	-	75,625	102,646	(27,021)	-26.3%
Income from investments in other companies	33	952	(919)	-96.5%	87	(54)	-62.1%	1,174	953	221	23.2%
Income before taxes	(1,590)	57,580	(59,170)	-	40,259	(41,849)	-	76,799	103,599	(26,800)	-25.9%
Income tax expense	5,496	(5,325)	10,821	-	(13,854)	19,350	-	4,338	(16,514)	20,852	-
Result from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	3,906	52,255	(48,349)	-92.5%	26,405	(22,499)	-85.2%	81,137	87,085	(5,948)	-6.8%
Minority interests	(686)	(2,736)	2,051	-74.9%	4,443	(5,129)	-	(2,059)	1,256	(3,315)	-
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	3,221	49,519	(46,298)	-93.5%	30,848	(27,628)	-89.6%	79,078	88,341	(9,263)	-10.5%

Net income analysis presented below is based on the Managerial Income Statement with the adjustments shown on page 9:

Recurring Net Income



The recurring net income for the third quarter of 2017 amounted to Ch\$3,221 million, representing a decrease of Ch\$46,298 million from the previous quarter and a decrease of Ch\$27,628 million from the same period of the previous year.

The main highlights in the quarter when compared to the previous quarter were (i) the 60.4% decrease in net total financial transactions due to counterparty risk adjustments that impacted the mark to market of credit valuation adjustments (CVA) derivatives; (ii) a 4.7% decrease in net interest income due to lower inflation in Chile in the quarter, partially offset by increased spreads in Colombia; (iii) a 24.7% decrease in results from loan losses; and (iv) a 14.2% increase in administrative expenses.

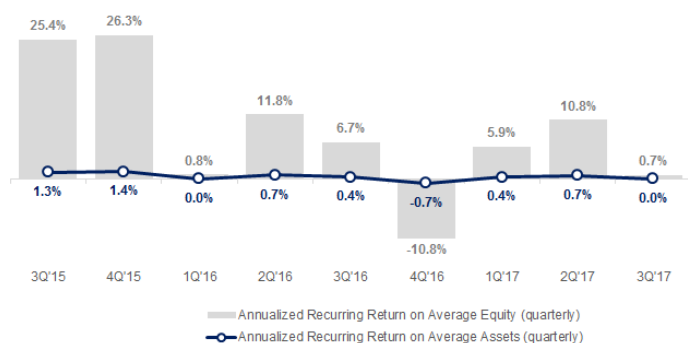
These negative impacts were partly offset by the 10.6% increase in net fee and commission income and the 1.4% decrease in personnel expenses.

Return on Average Tangible Equity¹

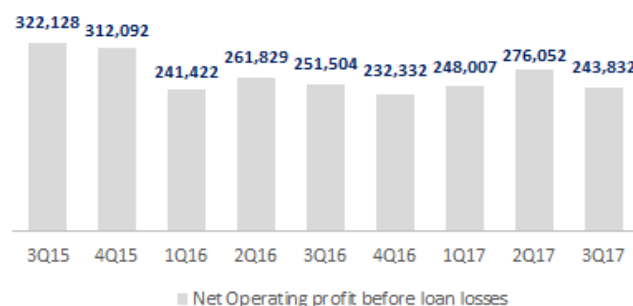
The annualized recurring return on average tangible equity reached 0.7% in the third quarter of 2017, 10.1 percentage points down when compared to the previous quarter. Tangible shareholders' equity totaled Ch\$1,855.6 billion, a 0.1% decrease from the previous quarter.

Annualized recurring return on average assets ex goodwill and ex intangibles from business combination reached 0.0% in the third quarter of 2017, down 70 basis points from the previous quarter.

(1) Tangible Equity: Shareholders equity net of goodwill, intangibles from business combination and related deferred tax liabilities; for further details see page 15 on this Report.



Net Operating Profit Before Loan Losses



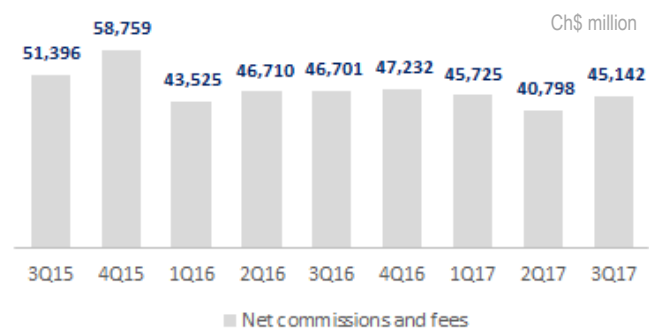
In the third quarter of 2017, net operating profit before loan losses—representing net interest income, net fee and commission income, net total financial transactions and other operating income, net—totaled Ch\$243,832 million, a 11.7% decrease from the previous quarter and a 3.1% decrease from the same period of the previous year. The main components of net operating profit before loan losses and other items of income statements are presented ahead.

Net Interest Income

The net interest income for the third quarter of 2017 totaled Ch\$ 181,911 million, a decrease of Ch\$5,248 million when compared to the previous quarter, mainly due to lower inflation-linked income that was partially compensated by marginal improvement in our spreads in Colombia due to the marginal reduction in funding costs as the monetary policy rate continued to decrease when compared to the previous quarter.

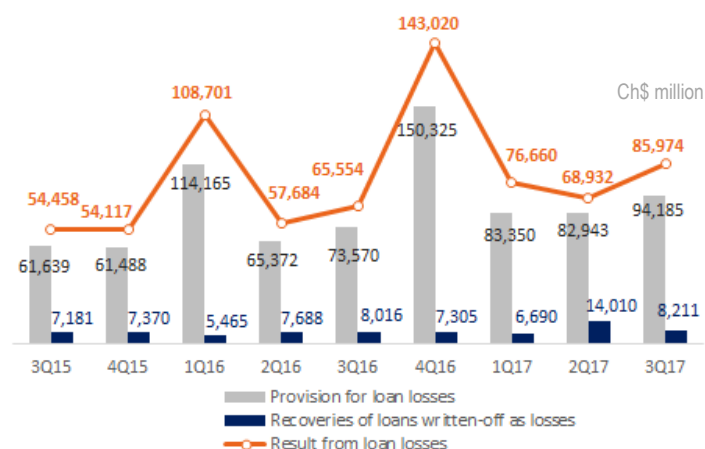
Our net interest margin reached 2.9% in the third quarter of 2017, a decrease of 16 basis points when compared to the previous quarter and also an increase of 15 basis points when compared to the same quarter last year. The decrease in the current quarter compared to the previous quarter is 3 basis points when excluding inflation-indexation effects. Our net interest margin ex-indexation reached 2.9% in the third quarter of 2017 compared to 2.9% in the second quarter of 2017 and to 2.6% in the third quarter of 2016.

Net Commissions and Fees



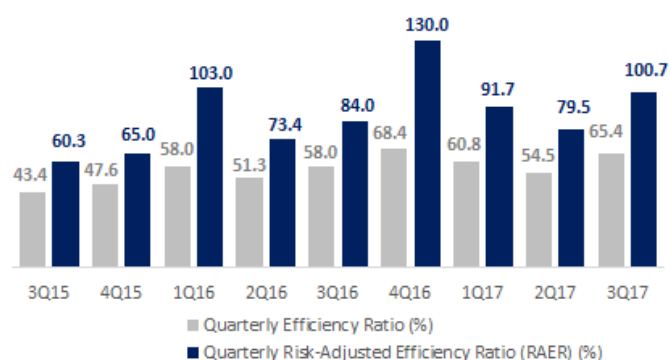
Commissions and fees increased 10.6% when compared to the previous quarter, mainly due to higher fees from structuring project financing and syndicated loans. Compared to the third quarter of 2016, these revenues decreased 3.3%, mainly due a decrease in all commission lines to a middling commercial activity.

Result from Loan Losses



The result from loan losses, net of recoveries of loans written-off, increased 24.7% from the previous quarter, totaling Ch\$85,974 million in the quarter. This deterioration was mainly due to a 13.6% increase in provision for loan losses from the previous quarter mainly due to some corporate clients downgrades.

Efficiency Ratio and Risk-Adjusted Efficiency Ratio



In the third quarter of 2017, the efficiency ratio reached 65.4%, a deterioration of 10.9 percentage points from the previous quarter, mainly due to lower net operating profit before loan losses.

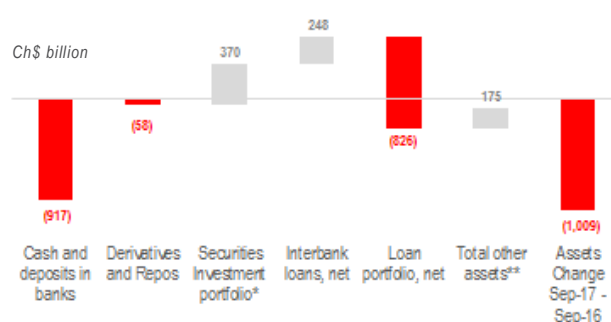
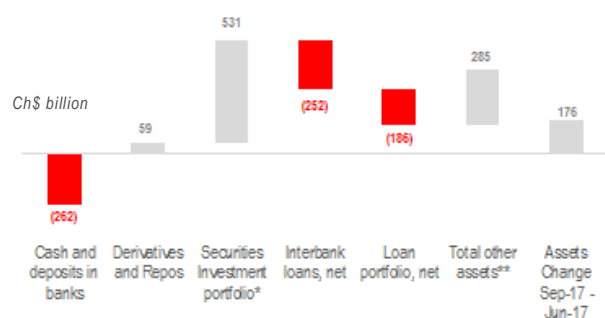
In the third quarter of 2017, the risk-adjusted efficiency ratio, which also includes the result from loan losses, reached 100.7%, a deterioration of 21.2 percentage points from the previous quarter. This was primarily due to the aforementioned deterioration in the efficiency ratio along with higher provisions for loan losses in the period, as previously described.

Balance Sheet | Assets

In Ch\$ million, end of period	3Q17	2Q17	change	3Q16	change
Cash and deposits in banks	899,486	1,161,352	-22.5%	1,816,907	-50.5%
Unsettled transactions	574,371	338,965	69.4%	470,531	22.1%
Securities and derivative financial investments	4,219,017	3,628,521	16.3%	3,906,798	8.0%
Interbank loans, net	529,578	781,358	-32.2%	281,835	87.9%
Loans and accounts receivable from customers	20,819,052	21,003,319	-0.9%	21,600,243	-3.6%
Loan loss allowances	(626,143)	(624,384)	0.3%	(581,355)	7.7%
Investments in other companies	22,231	19,900	11.7%	17,036	30.5%
Intangible assets	1,633,592	1,632,402	0.1%	1,593,612	2.5%
Other assets	1,066,202	1,020,120	4.5%	1,040,368	2.5%
Total Assets	29,137,386	28,961,553	0.6%	30,145,975	-3.3%

At the end of the third quarter of 2017, our assets totaled Ch\$29.1 trillion, an increase of 0.6% (Ch\$175.8 billion) from the previous quarter. The main changes

Compared to the previous year, the decrease of 3.3% (Ch\$1.0 trillion) was mainly driven by a decrease in our cash and loan portfolio.



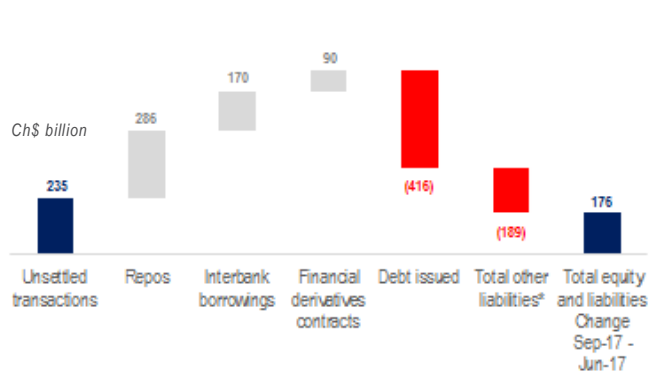
* Securities Investment portfolio: Trading investments, available-for-sale investments, held-to-maturity investments

** Total other assets: Unsettled transactions, investments in other companies, intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, current taxes, deferred taxes and other assets.

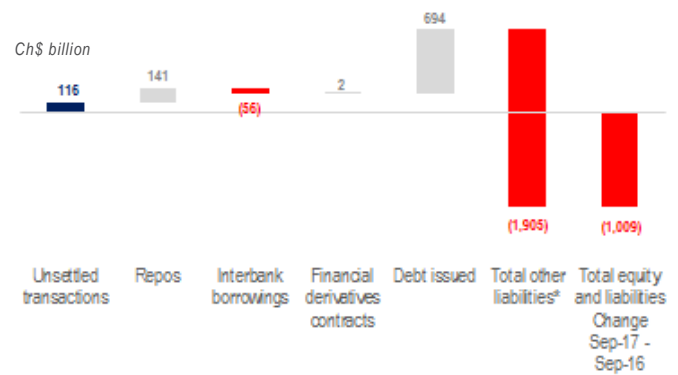
Balance Sheet | Liabilities and Equity

In Ch\$ million, end of period	3Q17	2Q17	change	3Q16	change
Deposits and other demand liabilities	4,196,900	4,355,763	-3.6%	4,285,401	-2.1%
Unsettled transactions	499,384	264,195	89.0%	382,922	30.4%
Investments sold under repurchase agreements	840,502	554,993	51.4%	699,898	20.1%
Time deposits and other time liabilities	10,046,623	9,957,387	0.9%	12,066,937	-16.7%
Financial derivatives contracts	1,003,787	913,901	9.8%	1,002,115	0.2%
Interbank borrowings	2,243,980	2,073,996	8.2%	2,299,507	-2.4%
Issued debt instruments	5,975,386	6,391,368	-6.5%	5,281,692	13.1%
Other financial liabilities	14,904	16,518	-9.8%	20,944	-28.8%
Current taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred taxes	225,089	213,566	5.4%	237,643	-5.3%
Provisions	181,481	157,395	15.3%	172,383	5.3%
Other liabilities	457,275	601,587	-24.0%	267,728	70.8%
Total Liabilities	25,685,311	25,500,669	0.7%	26,717,170	-3.9%
Attributable to Shareholders	3,227,713	3,235,543	-0.2%	3,189,978	1.2%
Non-controlling interest	224,362	225,341	-0.4%	238,827	-6.1%
Total Equity and Liabilities	29,137,386	28,961,553	0.6%	30,145,975	-3.3%

The main changes in liabilities at the end of the third quarter of 2017, compared to the previous quarter, are presented in the chart below:



Compared to the previous year, the main changes are highlighted as follows:

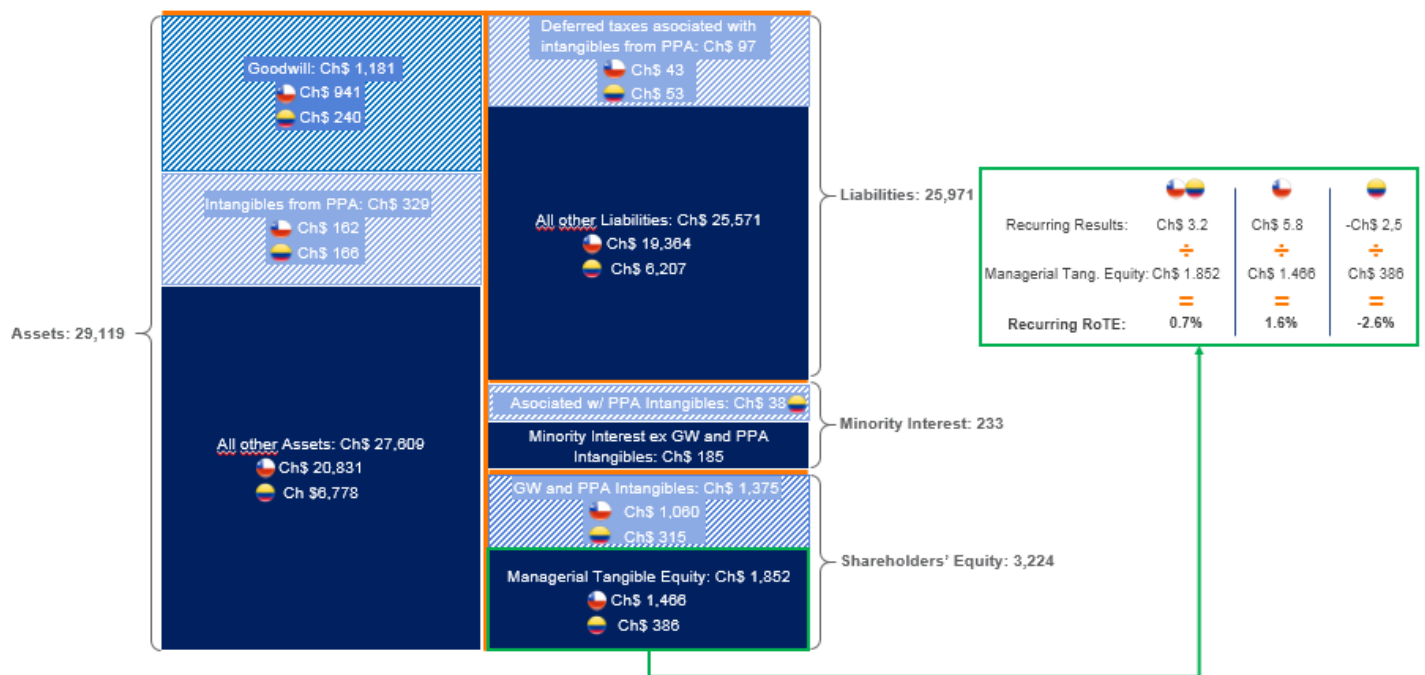


* Total other liabilities: Time deposits and other time liabilities, deposits and other demand liabilities, other financial liabilities, current taxes, deferred taxes, provisions, other liabilities, capital, reserves, valuation adjustment, income for the period, minus: provision for mandatory dividend, non-controlling interest.

Balance Sheet | Tangible Equity Breakdown

The chart below shows the calculation of the tangible Shareholders Equity or "Managerial Equity" which we use to determine the Recurring RoTAE.

3Q17 Average Balance (Ch\$ MMM)



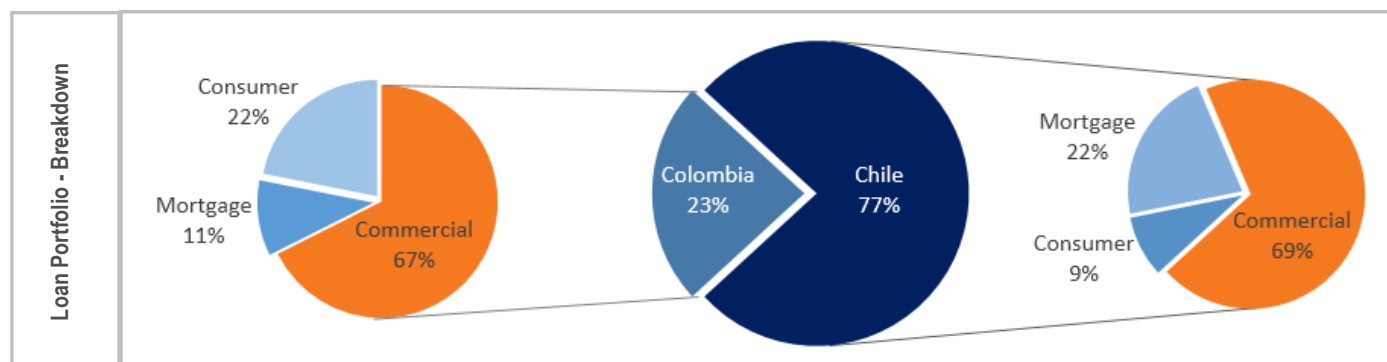
Credit Portfolio

By the end of the third quarter of 2017, our total credit portfolio reached Ch\$20.8 trillion, decreasing 0.9% from the previous quarter and 3.6% from the same period of the previous year. These decreases are explained by a lower credit demand from companies for investment purposes limiting our commercial loan portfolio expansion in Chile and also a downward

trajectory of the economic activity in Colombia also impacting our loan portfolio growth.

In constant currency, total loans in Colombia decreased 0.9% in 3Q17 and 4.9% in the 12-month period. In Chile, loan portfolio increased 0.7% in 3Q17 and decreased 2.3% in the 12-month period.

In Ch\$ million, end of period	3Q17	2Q17	change	3Q16	change
Wholesale lending	14,239,875	14,513,251	-1.9%	15,310,912	-7.0%
Chile	10,977,404	11,159,005	-1.6%	11,724,347	-6.4%
Commercial loans	9,653,875	9,792,982	-1.4%	10,209,915	-5.4%
Foreign trade loans	727,556	772,472	-5.8%	864,988	-15.9%
Leasing and Factoring	595,973	593,551	0.4%	649,444	-8.2%
Colombia	3,262,471	3,354,246	-2.7%	3,586,565	-9.0%
Commercial loans	2,784,665	2,859,063	-2.6%	3,044,518	-8.5%
Leasing and Factoring	477,806	495,183	-3.5%	542,047	-11.9%
Retail lending	6,579,177	6,490,068	1.4%	6,289,331	4.6%
Chile	4,983,275	4,881,241	2.1%	4,615,810	8.0%
Consumer loans	1,435,469	1,392,951	3.1%	1,300,582	10.4%
Residential mortgage loans	3,547,806	3,488,290	1.7%	3,315,228	7.0%
Colombia	1,595,902	1,608,827	-0.8%	1,673,521	-4.6%
Consumer loans	1,062,400	1,086,864	-2.3%	1,148,500	-7.5%
Residential mortgage loans	533,502	521,963	2.2%	525,021	1.6%
TOTAL LOANS	20,819,052	21,003,319	-0.9%	21,600,243	-3.6%
Chile	15,960,679	16,040,246	-0.5%	16,340,157	-2.3%
Colombia	4,858,373	4,963,073	-2.1%	5,260,086	-7.6%

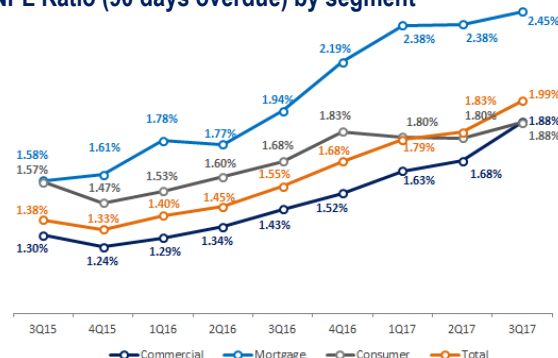


Credit Portfolio - Currency Breakdown

	Ch\$ billion		
Sep-15	5,848	7,207	8,112
Dec-15	6,092	7,373	8,169
Mar-16	6,088	7,432	7,919
Jun-16	6,129	7,598	7,860
Sep-16	6,093	7,680	7,827
Dec-16	6,024	7,508	7,494
Mar-17	5,919	7,490	7,684
Jun-17	5,879	7,635	7,489
Sep-17	5,871	7,678	7,270
	Ch\$	UF	FX

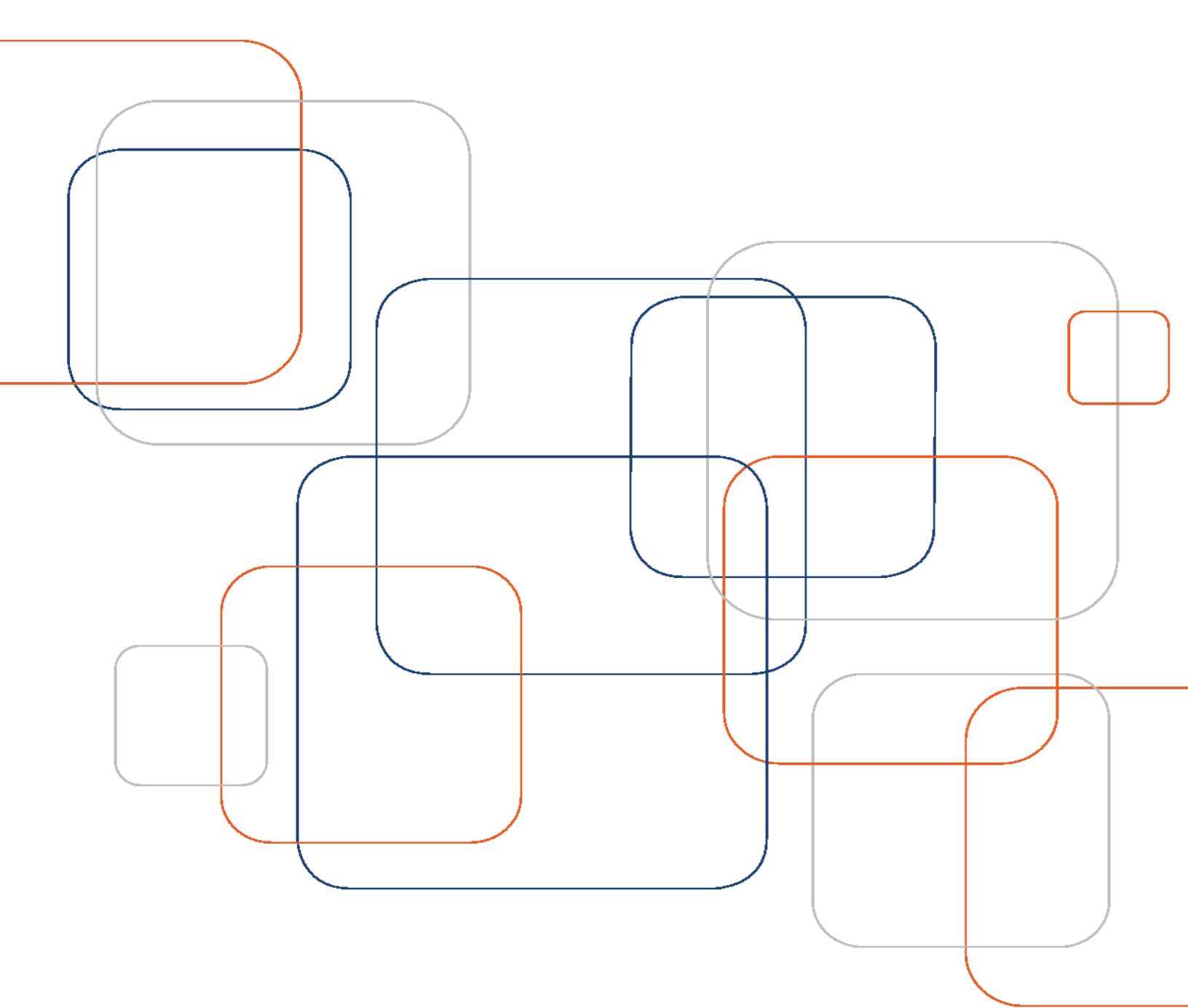
As of September 30, 2017, Ch\$7,270 billion of our total credit portfolio was denominated in, or indexed to, foreign currencies. This portion decreased 2.9% in this quarter, mainly due to the 2.1% nominal decrease in our loan portfolio in Colombia which for consolidation purposes is considered a foreign currency.

NPL Ratio (90 days overdue) by segment



By the end of the third quarter of 2017, our total consolidated NPL ratio for operations 90 days overdue reached 1.99%, an increase of 16 basis points from the previous quarter and of 44 basis points from the same period of 2016.

The NPL ratio also increased by 20 basis points for commercial loans from 1.68% to 1.88% compared to the previous quarter. The NPL ratio for mortgage loans increased 7 basis points from 2.38% to 2.45% in the quarter.



3rd quarter of 2017

Management Discussion & Analysis

Income Statement Analysis

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Managerial Results - Breakdown by Country

In this section, we present and analyze our results from the operations in Chile and in Colombia separately for 3Q'17, 2Q'17 and 3Q'16:

In Ch\$ million	3Q17			2Q17			Change		
	Consolidated	Chile	Colombia ¹	Consolidated	Chile	Colombia ¹	Consolidated	Chile	Colombia ¹
Net interest income	181,911	125,794	57,199	187,159	132,639	55,966	(5,248)	(6,845)	1,233
Net fee and commission income	45,142	38,637	6,505	40,798	30,762	10,036	4,344	7,875	(3,531)
Total financial transactions, net	17,908	12,017	10,054	48,928	29,509	23,561	(31,020)	(17,491)	(13,507)
Other operating income	(1,129)	38	(1,167)	(833)	964	(1,797)	(296)	(926)	630
Net operating profit before loan losses	243,832	176,486	72,591	276,052	193,874	87,766	(32,221)	(17,388)	(15,175)
Provision for loan losses	(85,974)	(61,503)	(24,471)	(68,932)	(37,528)	(31,404)	(17,042)	(23,975)	6,933
Net operating profit	157,857	114,983	48,120	207,120	156,346	56,362	(49,263)	(41,363)	(8,242)
Operating expenses	(159,480)	(110,648)	(48,832)	(150,492)	(98,927)	(51,565)	(8,988)	(11,721)	2,733
Operating income	(1,623)	4,335	(712)	56,628	57,419	4,797	(58,251)	(53,084)	(5,509)
Income from investments in other companies	33	33	-	952	264	688	(919)	(231)	(688)
Income before taxes	(1,590)	4,368	(712)	57,580	57,683	5,485	(59,170)	(53,315)	(6,197)
Income tax expense	5,496	1,373	2,786	(5,325)	(9,478)	2,729	10,821	10,851	57
Net income	3,906	5,740	2,074	52,255	48,204	8,214	(48,349)	(42,464)	(6,139)
(-) Minority interest	(686)	13	(699)	(2,736)	31	(2,768)	2,051	(18)	2,068
Colombia hedge positions cost	-	-	(3,908)	-	-	(4,163)	-	-	255
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	3,221	5,754	(2,533)	49,519	48,235	1,283	(46,298)	(42,482)	(3,817)

In Ch\$ million	3Q17			3Q16			Change		
	Consolidated	Chile	Colombia ¹	Consolidated	Chile	Colombia ¹	Consolidated	Chile	Colombia ¹
Net interest income	181,911	125,794	57,199	180,242	127,758	54,955	1,668	(1,964)	2,244
Net fee and commission income	45,142	38,637	6,505	46,701	35,946	10,755	(1,559)	2,691	(4,250)
Total financial transactions, net	17,908	12,017	10,054	27,723	15,640	16,619	(9,815)	(3,623)	(6,565)
Other operating income	(1,129)	38	(1,167)	(3,161)	(963)	(2,198)	2,033	1,002	1,031
Net operating profit before loan losses	243,832	176,486	72,591	251,504	178,380	80,131	(7,672)	(1,894)	(7,540)
Provision for loan losses	(85,974)	(61,503)	(24,471)	(65,554)	(30,063)	(35,491)	(20,421)	(31,441)	11,020
Net operating profit	157,857	114,983	48,120	185,950	148,318	44,640	(28,093)	(33,335)	3,480
Operating expenses	(159,480)	(110,648)	(48,832)	(145,779)	(95,160)	(50,619)	(13,701)	(15,489)	1,787
Operating income	(1,623)	4,335	(712)	40,172	53,158	(5,979)	(41,795)	(48,823)	5,267
Income from investments in other companies	33	33	-	87	80	7	(54)	(47)	(7)
Income before taxes	(1,590)	4,368	(712)	40,259	53,238	(5,972)	(41,849)	(48,870)	5,260
Income tax expense	5,496	1,373	2,786	(13,854)	(8,270)	(7,266)	19,350	9,643	10,052
Net income	3,906	5,740	2,074	26,405	44,968	(13,238)	(22,499)	(39,228)	15,312
(-) Minority interest	(686)	13	(699)	4,443	(28)	4,471	(5,129)	42	(5,171)
Colombia hedge positions cost	-	-	(3,908)	-	-	(5,325)	-	-	1,417
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	3,221	5,754	(2,533)	30,848	44,940	(14,092)	(27,628)	(39,186)	11,559

¹ In nominal currency

The financial results of Itaú CorpBanca in Chile include some expenses associated with our Colombian operations. To provide a clear view of the contribution of each operation to the consolidated financial results we have reclassified from Chile to Colombia the cost of derivative structures used to hedge the investment and its related tax effects, as well as the

amortization of intangible assets generated by the acquisition of Santander Colombia that were registered in Chile before the Merger. For more details on managerial information, please refer to pages 9 and 10 of this report.

The Accounting and Managerial Income Statement reconciliation for 3Q'17, 2Q'17 and 3Q'16 is presented below:

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	3Q16	9M17	9M16
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders (Accounting)	(3,482)	61,084	29,975	86,696	62,006
(+) <i>Pro forma consolidation effects</i>	-	-	-	-	(26,677)
Pro Forma Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	(3,482)	61,084	29,975	86,696	35,329
(-) Non-recurring events	5,327	(17,012)	9,640	(11,682)	55,576
(-) Costs of fiscal and economic hedges of the investment in Colombia (a) (b)	3,908	4,163	5,325	13,201	12,907
Recurring Net Income Attributable to Shareholders (Managerial)	5,754	48,235	44,940	88,216	103,812

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	3Q16	9M17	9M16
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders (Accounting)	(474)	3,523	(10,736)	(1,631)	(8,085)
(+) <i>Pro forma consolidation effects</i>	-	-	-	-	738
Pro Forma Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	(474)	3,523	(10,736)	(1,631)	(7,347)
(-) Non-recurring events	1,849	1,923	1,969	5,695	4,783
(+) Costs of fiscal and economic hedges of the investment in Colombia (a) (b)	(3,908)	(4,163)	(5,325)	(13,201)	(12,907)
Recurring Net Income Attributable to Shareholders (Managerial)	(2,533)	1,283	(14,092)	(9,138)	(15,471)

Managerial reclassifications:

- (a) **Cost of Investment Hedge:** carry cost of the derivatives used for the economic hedge of the investment in Colombia, currently booked in Chile.
 (b) **Cost of Fiscal Hedge:** cost of the derivative structure used for the fiscal hedge of the investment in Colombia, currently booked in Chile.



Managerial Results - Breakdown for Chile

Net Income analysis for Chile presented below is based on the Managerial Income Statement with the adjustments shown on page 19:

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
			%	\$		%	\$			%	\$
Net interest income	125,794	132,639	-5.2%	(6,845)	127,758	-1.5%	(1,964)	387,740	402,857	-3.8%	(15,117)
Net fee and commission income	38,637	30,762	25.6%	7,875	35,946	7.5%	2,691	105,140	100,153	5.0%	4,987
Total financial transactions, net	12,017	29,509	-59.3%	(17,491)	15,640	-23.2%	(3,623)	56,714	22,103	156.6%	34,612
Other operating income, net	38	964	-96.0%	(926)	(963)	-	1,002	(2,775)	(8,429)	-67.1%	5,653
Net operating profit before loan losses	176,486	193,874	-9.0%	(17,388)	178,380	-1.1%	(1,894)	546,819	516,684	5.8%	30,135
Provision for loan losses	(61,503)	(37,528)	63.9%	(23,975)	(30,063)	104.6%	(31,441)	(138,087)	(127,916)	8.0%	(10,171)
Net operating profit	114,983	156,346	-26.5%	(41,363)	148,318	-22.5%	(33,335)	408,732	388,768	5.1%	19,963
Operating expenses	(110,648)	(98,927)	11.8%	(11,721)	(95,160)	16.3%	(15,489)	(310,385)	(281,596)	10.2%	(28,789)
Operating income	4,335	57,419	-92.5%	(53,084)	53,158	-91.8%	(48,823)	98,347	107,173	-8.2%	(8,825)
Income from investments in other companies	33	264	-87.5%	(231)	80	-58.8%	(47)	297	301	-1.3%	(4)
Income before taxes	4,368	57,683	-92.4%	(53,315)	53,238	-91.8%	(48,870)	98,644	107,474	-8.2%	(8,829)
Income tax expense	1,373	(9,478)	-	10,851	(8,270)	-	9,643	(10,418)	(3,569)	191.9%	(6,850)
Net income	5,740	48,204	-88.1%	(42,464)	44,968	-87.2%	(39,228)	88,226	103,905	-15.1%	(15,679)
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	5,754	48,235	-88.1%	(42,482)	44,940	-87.2%	(39,186)	88,216	103,812	-15.0%	(15,596)



Net Interest Income

In the third quarter of 2017, the Net Interest Income totaled Ch\$125,794 million, a 5.2% decrease compared to the previous quarter.

Compared to the same period of the previous year, the Net Interest Income decreased 1.5%.

In Ch\$ million, end of period	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change	
Net Interest Income	125,794	132,639	(6,845)	-5.2%	127,758	(1,964)	-1.5%
Interest Income	226,751	288,194	(61,443)	-21.3%	287,784	(61,032)	-21.2%
Interest Expense	(100,958)	(155,555)	54,598	-35.1%	(160,026)	59,068	-36.9%
Average Interest-Earning Assets	18,286,035	18,332,858	(46,823)	-0.3%	18,883,711	(597,676)	-3.2%
Net Interest Margin	2.7%	2.9%	(18 bp)		2.7%		5 bp
Net Interest Margin (ex-inflation indexation)	2.6%	2.6%	0 bp		2.3%		22 bp

3Q17 versus 2Q17

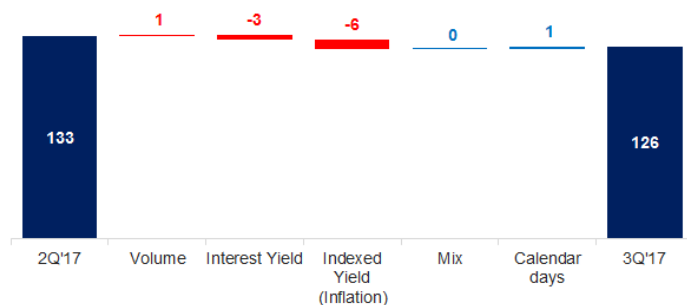
Our Net Interest Income in the third quarter of 2017 presented a decrease of Ch\$ 6,845 million, or 5.2% when compared to the second quarter of 2017. This decrease is explained mainly by lower inflation-linked income, as the UF (Unidad de Fomento), the official inflation-linked unit of account, decreased 0.03% in the third quarter of 2017 compared to an increase of 0.73% in the previous quarter.

As a consequence of these effects, our Net Interest Margin presented a decrease of 18 basis points to 2.7% in the quarter, but was flat when excluding inflation-indexation effects.

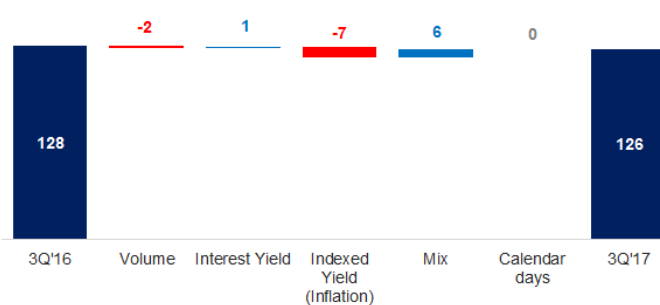
3Q17 versus 3Q16

When compared to the third quarter of 2016, our Net Interest Income decreased Ch\$1,964 million, or 1.5%. The main drivers for this decrease are lower volume of interest earning assets and lower inflation in the quarter when compared to the same period of the previous year. The UF decreased 0.03% compared to an increase of 0.66% in the third quarter of 2016. On the other hand, this was partially offset by the marginal improvement in the cost of funding due to the decrease in interest rates in Chile.

Quarterly change of the Net Interest Income (Ch\$ Billion)



Yearly change of the Net Interest Income (Ch\$ Billion)





Credit Portfolio by Products

In the table below, the loan portfolio is split into two groups: wholesale lending and retail lending. For a better understanding of the performance of these portfolios, the main product groups of each segment are presented below:

In Ch\$ million, end of period	3Q17	2Q17	change	3Q16	change
Wholesale lending - Chile	10,977,404	11,159,005	-1.6%	11,724,347	-6.4%
Commercial loans	9,653,875	9,792,982	-1.4%	10,209,915	-5.4%
Foreign trade loans	727,556	772,472	-5.8%	864,988	-15.9%
Leasing and factoring	595,973	593,551	0.4%	649,444	-8.2%
Retail lending - Chile	4,983,275	4,881,241	2.1%	4,615,810	8.0%
Residential Mortgage loans	3,547,806	3,488,290	1.7%	3,315,228	7.0%
Consumer loans	1,435,469	1,392,951	3.1%	1,300,582	10.4%
Consumer installment loans	942,098	909,990	3.5%	854,975	10.2%
Current account overdrafts	199,981	189,483	5.5%	167,703	19.2%
Credit card debtors	292,639	292,688	0.0%	276,946	5.7%
Other loans and receivables	751	790	-4.9%	958	-21.6%
TOTAL LOANS	15,960,679	16,040,246	-0.5%	16,340,157	-2.3%

At the end of the third quarter of 2017, our total consolidated credit portfolio in Chile reached Ch\$16.0 trillion, a decrease of 0.5% from the previous quarter and of 2.3% from the third quarter of 2016.

Retail loan portfolio reached Ch\$5.0 trillion at the end of the third quarter of 2017, an increase of 2.1% compared to the previous quarter. Consumer loans reached Ch\$1.4 trillion, up 3.1% compared the previous quarter and 10.4% compared to the 12-month period. Residential mortgage loans reached Ch\$3.5 trillion at the end of the third quarter of 2017, an increase of 1.7% compared to the previous quarter and of 7.0% compared to the 12-month period. The trend in residential mortgage loans is shifting to focus on cross-selling to our customer base.

On the other hand, wholesale loan portfolio decreased 1.6% in the third quarter of 2017, totaling Ch\$11.0 trillion. Changes in this portfolio were mainly driven by a continued lower commercial activity in Chile.

Lower credit demand from companies for investment purposes has limited our commercial loan portfolio expansion as a result of a continued weak economic activity. The dynamism of economic activity has maintained a downward trajectory since the beginning of 2016, being investment the biggest drag on activity after recording four consecutive quarters of contraction and its shift to growth is a prerequisite for an acceleration of economic growth for 2018. Also the gradual weakening of the labor market will continue to weight on consumption.

In this quarter, the economic activity expanded at roughly 2.5%, which should be the growth pace in the second half of the year. We believe that a more robust recovery of the private confidence will be necessary for investment to show a positive growth rate, which will depend on the country's economic and political environment. We expect economic growth to recover to 2.7% next year.



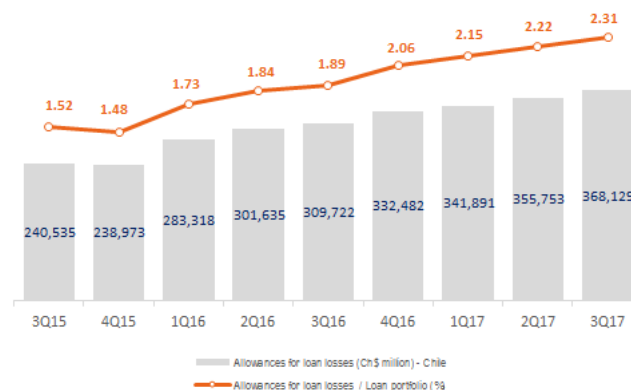
Net Provision for Loan Losses - Breakdown for Chile

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
Provision for Loan Losses	(68,277)	(47,944)	(20,333)	42.4%	(35,774)	(32,504)	90.9%	(160,652)	(142,969)	(17,683)	12.4%
Recoveries of loans written-off as losses	6,774	10,416	(3,642)	-35.0%	5,711	1,063	18.6%	22,565	15,054	7,511	49.9%
Net Provision for Loan Losses	(61,503)	(37,528)	(23,975)	63.9%	(30,063)	(31,441)	104.6%	(138,087)	(127,916)	(10,171)	8.0%

In the third quarter of 2017, net provision for loan losses (provision for loan losses, net of recovery of loans written-off) totaled Ch\$61,503 million, a 63.9% increase from the previous quarter, driven by a 42.4% increase in provision for loan losses and a 35.0% decrease in the recovery of loans written-off from the second quarter of 2017. The increase in provision for loan losses refers to downgrades of corporate clients in the energy and construction sectors in Chile and a continuing challenging economic scenario.

Net provision for loan losses increased 104.6% compared to the third quarter of 2016 reflecting the aforementioned economic scenario. The recovery of loans written-off increased 18.6% from the third quarter of 2016.

Allowance for Loan Losses and Loan Portfolio

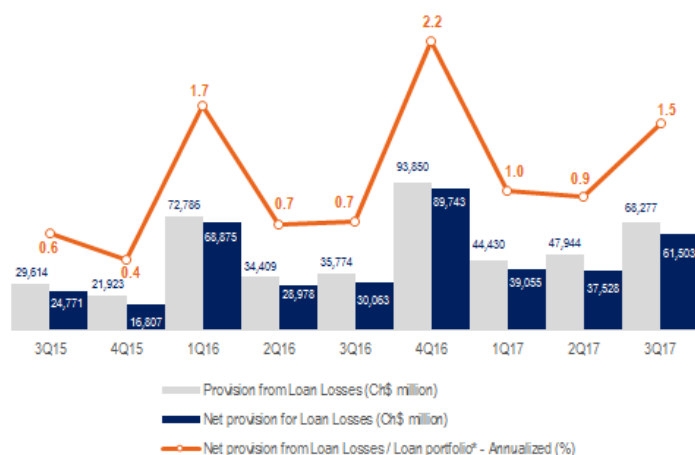


As of September 30, 2017, our loan portfolio decreased 0.5% from June 30, 2017, reaching Ch\$16.0 trillion, whereas the allowance for loan losses increased 3.5% in the quarter, totaling Ch\$368.1 billion. The ratio of allowance for loan losses to loan portfolio went from 2.22% as of June 30, 2017 to 2.31% as of September 30, 2017, an increase of 9 basis points.

Provision for Loan Losses and Loan Portfolio

At the end of the third quarter of 2017, our provision for loan losses over loan portfolio increased to 1.5% from 0.9% compared to the previous quarter and increased from 0.7% from the third quarter of last year reflecting a still challenging economic scenario and the aforementioned corporate downgrades.

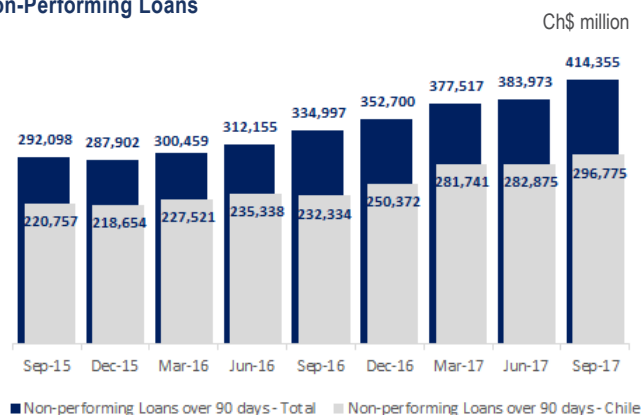
Net Provision for Loan Losses and Loan Portfolio





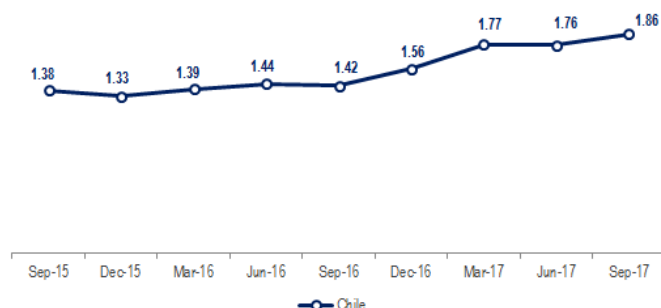
Delinquency Ratios Chile

Non-Performing Loans



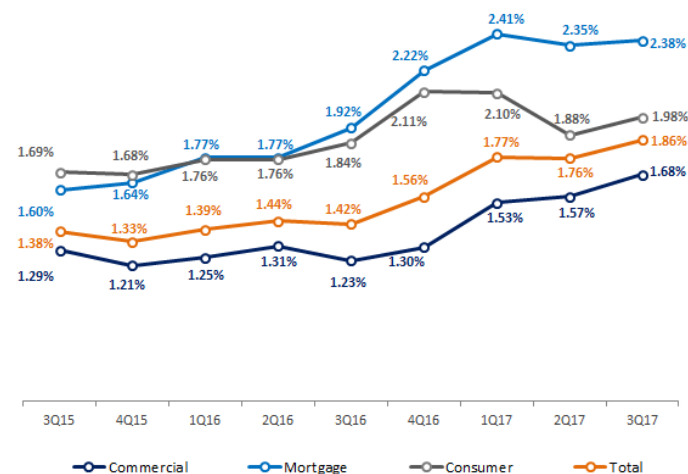
The portfolio of credits 90 days overdue increased 4.9% from June 30, 2017 and increased 27.7% from the same period of the previous year, mainly driven by an increase in the wholesale segment.

NPL Ratio (%) | over 90 days



The NPL ratio of credits 90 days overdue increased from 1.76% to 1.86% compared to the previous quarter. Compared to the same period of 2016, the ratio increased 44 basis points.

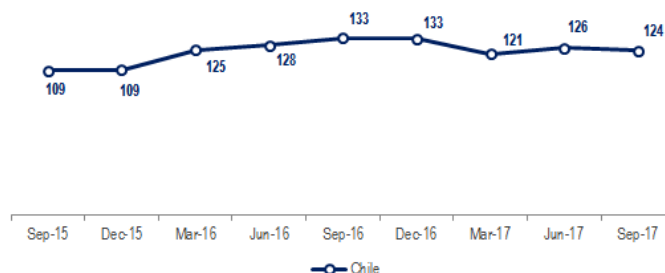
NPL Ratio (%) by Segments | over 90 days



In the third quarter 2017, the NPL ratio over 90 days for consumer loans went up from 1.88% to 1.98%. The NPL ratio for mortgage loans was almost flat reaching 2.38% compared to the previous quarter mainly driven by the economic slowdown.

The NPL ratio also increased by 11 basis points for commercial loans compared to the previous quarter from 1.57% to 1.68%.

Coverage Ratio (%) | 90 days

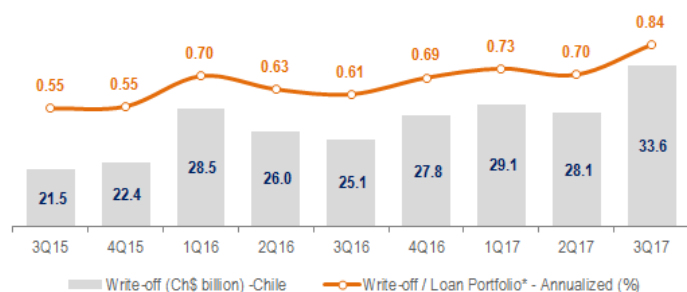


As of September 30, 2017, the 90-days coverage ratio reached 124%, 2 percentage points down from the previous quarter.

Compared to September 30, 2016, the total 90-days coverage ratio decreased 9 percentage points reflecting that in previous quarters provisions anticipated potential overdue in our portfolio.



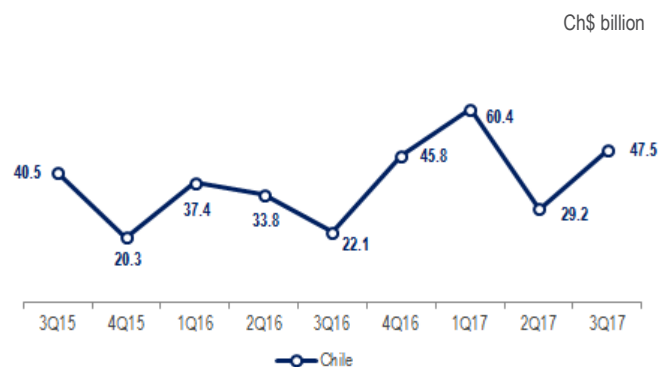
Loan Portfolio Write-Off



* Loan portfolio average balance of the two previous quarters.

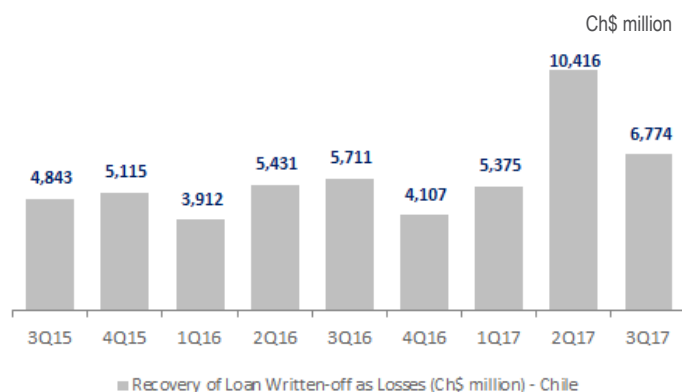
In the third quarter of 2017, the loan portfolio write-off totaled Ch\$33.6 billion, a 19.6% increase compared to the previous quarter. The ratio of written-off operations to loan portfolio average balance reached 0.84%, up 14 basis points compared to the second quarter of 2017.

NPL Creation



In the third quarter of 2017, the NPL Creation, reached Ch\$47.5 billion up 18.3% compared to the previous period.

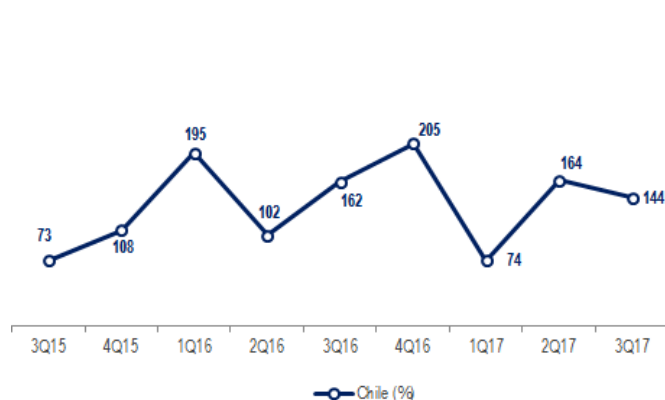
Recovery of Loans Written-off as Losses



In the third quarter of 2017, income from recovery of loans written-off decreased Ch\$3,642 million, or 35.0%, from the previous quarter.

When compared to third quarter of 2016, the income from recovery of loans written-off increased Ch\$1,063 million, or 18.6%, compared to the same period of the previous year.

NPL Creation Coverage



In the third quarter of 2017, the total NPL Creation coverage reached 144%, which means that the provision for loan losses in the quarter was higher than the NPL Creation. The trend reflects that our portfolio is more concentrated in wholesale loans where we anticipate the provision compared to overdue loans.



Commissions and Fees Chile

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
Credit & financial transactions fees	18,525	16,982	1,543	9.1%	16,612	1,913	11.5%	53,719	51,366	2,353	4.6%
Asset management & brokerage fees	5,417	5,688	(271)	-4.8%	3,527	1,890	53.6%	16,676	16,435	241	1.5%
Insurance brokerage	6,607	6,272	335	5.3%	6,848	(241)	-3.5%	19,089	17,806	1,283	7.2%
Financial advisory & other fees	8,088	1,820	6,268	344.4%	8,959	(871)	-9.7%	15,656	14,546	1,110	7.6%
Total Net Fee and Commission Income	38,637	30,762	7,875	25.6%	35,946	2,691	7.5%	105,140	96,938	8,202	8.5%

In the third quarter of 2017, commissions and fees amounted to Ch\$38.637 million, an increase of 25.6% from the previous quarter mainly driven by higher fees from structured finance projects and syndicated loans.

Compared to the third quarter of 2016, these revenues increased 7.5% mainly due to increases in credit and financial transactions fees, and asset management and brokerage fees in the period.

Total Financial Transactions, net

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
Trading and investment income:											
Trading investments*	1,593	1,111	482	43.4%	7,186	(5,593)	-77.8%	5,052	9,657	(4,605)	-47.7%
Trading financial derivatives contracts	(21,906)	25,588	(47,494)	-	1,747	(23,653)	-	(8,050)	(45,671)	37,621	-82.4%
Other	7,227	7,307	(81)	-1.1%	7,288	(61)	-0.8%	23,007	13,637	9,370	68.7%
Net Income from Financial Operations	(13,086)	34,006	(47,093)	-	16,221	(29,307)	-	20,009	(22,377)	42,386	-189.4%
Foreign exchange transactions:											
Net results from foreign exchange transactions	46,322	5,454	40,868	749.3%	3,280	43,042	1,312.3%	70,075	70,665	(590)	-0.8%
Revaluations of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	190	(48)	238	-	(32)	222	-	273	(744)	1,017	-
Net results from accounting hedge derivatives	(21,408)	(9,904)	(11,504)	116.2%	(3,828)	(17,580)	459.2%	(33,643)	(25,442)	(8,201)	32.2%
Foreign Exchange Profit (loss), net	25,104	(4,498)	29,602	-	(580)	25,684	-	36,705	44,479	(7,774)	-17.5%
Net Total Financial Transactions Position	12,017	29,509	(17,491)	-59.3%	15,640	(3,623)	-23.2%	56,714	22,103	34,612	156.6%

In the third quarter of 2017, net total financial transactions position amounted to Ch\$12,017 million, a Ch\$17,491 million decrease from the previous quarter and a Ch\$3,623 million decrease from the third quarter of 2016, due to an increase in counterparty risk that reduced the credit valuation adjustments of derivatives (CVA).



Operating Expenses

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
Personnel expenses	(48,433)	(48,162)	(271)	0.6%	(48,916)	482	-1.0%	(141,128)	(147,849)	6,722	-4.5%
Administrative expenses	(54,695)	(43,310)	(11,384)	26.3%	(39,210)	(15,485)	39.5%	(147,385)	(114,377)	(33,008)	28.9%
Personnel and Administrative Expenses	(103,128)	(91,473)	(11,655)	12.7%	(88,125)	(15,002)	17.0%	(288,513)	(262,226)	(26,287)	10.0%
Depreciation, amortization and Impairment	(7,521)	(7,454)	(66)	0.9%	(7,034)	(486)	6.9%	(21,872)	(19,369)	(2,502)	12.9%
Total Operating Expenses	(110,648)	(98,927)	(11,721)	11.8%	(95,160)	(15,489)	16.3%	(310,385)	(281,596)	(28,789)	10.2%

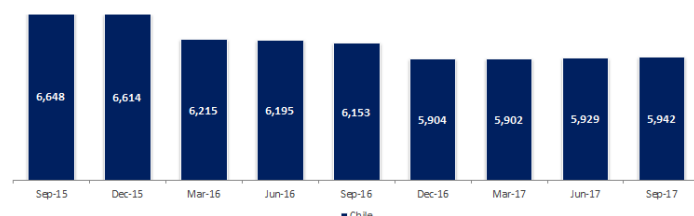
Operating expenses totaled Ch\$110,648 million in the third quarter of 2017, increasing 11.8% when compared to the second quarter of 2017. This increase is mostly explained by higher administrative expenses due to a calendar effect, in which several 2017 expenses were concentrated in the quarter.

Personnel Expenses

Personnel expenses totaled Ch\$48,433 million in the third quarter of 2017, a 0.6% increase when compared to the previous quarter. In comparison to the third quarter of 2016 there is a 1.0% decrease in expenses due to lower compensation expenses.

Number of Employees

The total number of employees was 5,942 at the end of the third quarter of 2017 compared to 5,929 at the end of the second quarter of 2017 and 6,153 at the end of the third quarter of 2016, a 3.4% reduction in headcount in 12-month.



Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses amounted to Ch\$54,695 million in the third quarter of 2017, a 26.3% increase when compared to the previous quarter. As previously mentioned, this increase was influenced by the concentration of expenses such as insurance policy renewals, third-party services and other general administrative expenses. When compared to the third quarter of 2016, there was a 39.5% increase explained by the aforementioned effects and higher occupancy costs due to the transition to our new headquarters initiated later in 2016.

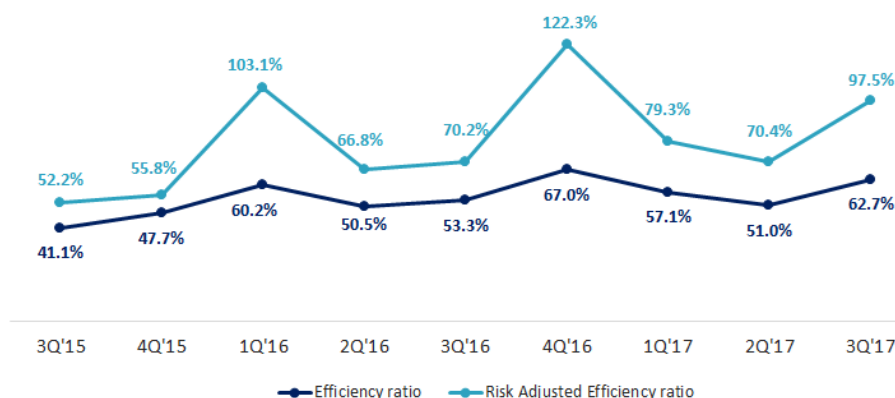
Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses totaled Ch\$7,494 million in the third quarter of 2017, a 0.5% increase when compared to the second quarter of 2017. When compared to the third quarter of 2016, there was 7.6% increase, explained by the investment made in development of software and systems which increases the accounting basis of intangibles in our balance sheet as well as an increase in fixed assets related to the remodeling of our new headquarters and migrated branches.



Efficiency Ratio and Risk-Adjusted Efficiency Ratio Chile

We present the efficiency ratio and the risk-adjusted efficiency ratio, which includes the result from loan losses.



$$\text{Risk-Adjusted Efficiency Ratio} = \frac{\text{Operating Expenses (Personnel Expenses + Administrative Expenses + Depreciation and Amortization + Impairment) + Result from Loan Losses}}{\text{Net Interest Income + Net Fee and Commission Income + Total Financial Transactions, net + Other Operating Income, net}}$$

Efficiency Ratio

In the third quarter of 2017, our efficiency ratio reached 62.7%, a deterioration of 11.7 percentage points compared to the second quarter of 2017. This deterioration was mainly due to higher administrative expenses of 26.3%, and higher net operating profit before loan losses of 10.2%.

When compared to the third quarter of 2016, the efficiency ratio deteriorated by 9.4 percentage points, mostly explained by the increase in administrative expenses of 16.3% and a decrease in net operating profit during the period of 22.5%.

Risk – Adjusted Efficiency Ratio

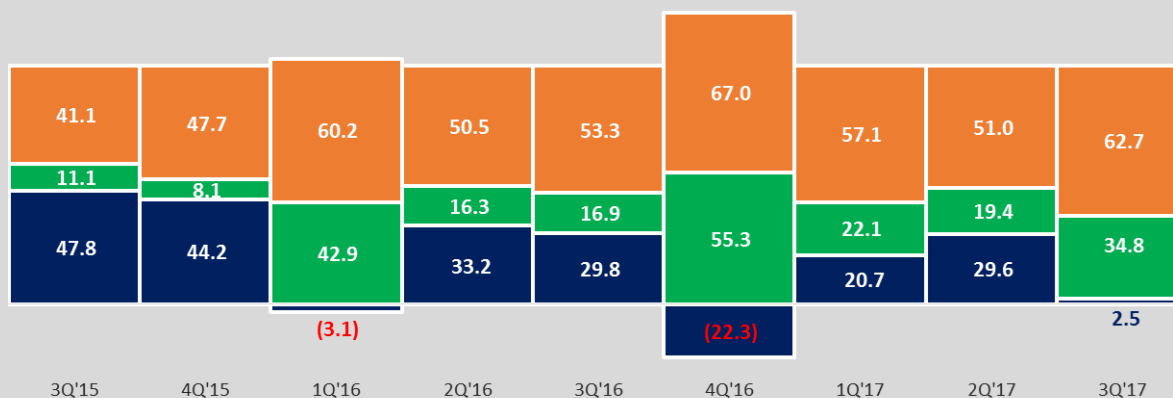
The risk-adjusted efficiency ratio, which also includes the result from loan losses, reached 97.5% in the third quarter of 2017, a deterioration of 27.1 percentage points compared to the previous quarter, as a result of the aforementioned increase in administrative expenses, a decrease in operating profit before loan losses and higher provisions for loan losses in the period.

When compared to the third quarter of 2016, the risk-adjusted efficiency ratio deteriorated by 27.3 percentage points also due to the increase in administrative expenses, a decrease in operating profit before loan losses and higher provisions for loan losses in the period.

Net Operating Profit Before Loan Losses Distribution

The chart below shows the portions of net operating profit before loan losses used to cover operating expenses and result from loan losses.

$$\text{Net Operating Profit Before Loan Losses} \quad (-) \quad \text{Efficiency Ratio} \quad (-) \quad \text{Result from Loan Losses / Net Operating Profit Before Loan Losses} = \text{Operating Income / Net Operating Profit Before Loan Losses}$$





Points of Service in Chile

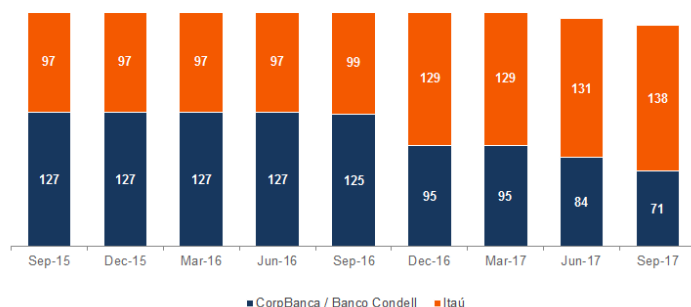
Our distribution network provides integrated financial services and products to our customers through diverse channels, including ATMs, branch offices, internet banking and telephone banking.

Branches

As of September 30, 2017 we had 209 branches, a decrease of 15 branches or 6.7% since Legal Day One (April 1, 2016) as part of our enhanced branch network strategy meant to create additional savings.

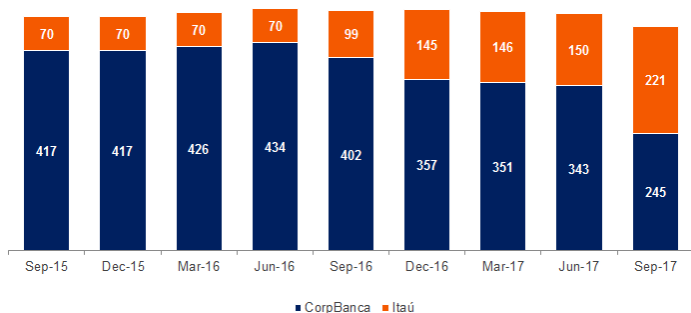
According to our integration process, in the third quarter of 2016 we started the branch network migration with a pilot test of two offices. The process has continued with 55 additional branches migrated since fourth quarter of 2016. As a result, the brand composition has changed. We expect the branch migration to be completed by the end of 2017.

By the end of the third quarter of 2017, we operated in Chile 137 branch offices under the "Itaú" brand, 15 under the "CorpBanca" brand, and 56 branches under the "Banco Condell" brand —our consumer finance division—. Additionally, we have one branch in New York.



Automated Teller Machines (ATMs)

By the end of the third quarter of 2017, the number of ATMs totaled 466 in Chile, a decrease of 30 ATMs or a 6.0% since Legal Day One. Additionally, our customers had access to over 7,300 ATMs in Chile through our agreement with Redbanc.





Managerial Results - Breakdown for Colombia

Net Income analysis for Colombia presented below is based on the Managerial Income Statement with the adjustments shown on page 19:

In Ch\$ million	3Q17			2Q17			%	3Q16			%
	Nominal Currency	Exchange Rate Effect ¹	Constant Currency	Nominal Currency	Exchange Rate Effect ¹	Constant Currency		Nominal Currency	Exchange Rate Effect ¹	Constant Currency	
Net interest income	57,199	(389)	57,588	55,966	1,764	54,202	6.2%	54,955	1,369	53,586	7.5%
Net fee and commission income	6,505	(44)	6,549	10,036	364	9,672	-32.3%	10,755	281	10,474	-37.5%
Total financial transactions, net	10,054	(111)	10,165	23,561	734	22,827	-55.5%	16,619	743	15,876	-36.0%
Other operating income, net	(1,167)	17	(1,184)	(1,797)	(66)	(1,731)	-31.6%	(2,198)	(78)	(2,120)	-44.1%
Net operating profit before loan losses	72,591	(527)	73,118	87,766	2,797	84,969	-13.9%	80,131	2,315	77,816	-6.0%
Provision for loan losses	(24,471)	136	(24,607)	(31,404)	(868)	(30,536)	-19.4%	(35,491)	(1,026)	(34,465)	-28.6%
Net operating profit	48,120	(391)	48,511	56,362	1,929	54,433	-10.9%	44,640	1,289	43,351	11.9%
Operating expenses	(48,832)	339	(49,171)	(51,565)	(1,688)	(49,877)	-1.4%	(50,619)	(1,507)	(49,112)	0.1%
Operating income	(712)	(51)	(660)	4,797	241	4,556	-	(5,979)	(217)	(5,762)	-88.5%
Income from investments in other companies	-	-	-	688	26	662	-100.0%	7	-	7	-100%
Income before taxes	(712)	(51)	(660)	5,485	267	5,218	-	(5,972)	(217)	(5,755)	-88.5%
Income tax expense	2,786	(16)	2,801	2,729	104	2,624	6.7%	(7,266)	(138)	(7,128)	-
Net income	2,074	(67)	2,141	8,214	371	7,842	-72.7%	(13,238)	(355)	(12,882)	-
(-) Minority interests	(699)	23	(722)	(2,768)	(125)	(2,643)	-72.7%	4,471	120	4,351	-
(-) Cost of associated hedge positions in Chile	(3,908)	-	(3,908)	(4,163)	-	(4,163)	-6.1%	(5,325)	-	(5,325)	-26.6%
Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	(2,533)	(44)	(2,489)	1,283	246	1,037	-	(14,092)	(235)	(13,857)	-82.0%

Note: (1) Refers to the elimination of the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, by converting all figures from each of the periods analyzed at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.



Net Interest Income

In the third quarter of 2017, the Net Interest Income totaled Ch\$57,588 million, a 6.2% increase compared to the previous quarter.

Compared to the same period of the previous year, the Net Interest Income increased 7.5%.

In Ch\$ million, end of period	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change	
Net Interest Income	57,588	54,202	3,387	6.2%	53,586	4,002	7.5%
Interest Income	138,106	140,691	(2,584)	-1.8%	158,797	(20,691)	-13.0%
Interest Expense	(80,518)	(86,489)	5,971	-6.9%	(105,211)	24,693	-23.5%
Average Interest-Earning Assets	6,201,711	6,133,174	68,538	1.1%	6,584,225	(382,514)	-5.8%
Net Interest Margin	3.7%	3.6%	14 bp		3.2%	46 bp	

Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

3Q17 versus 2Q17

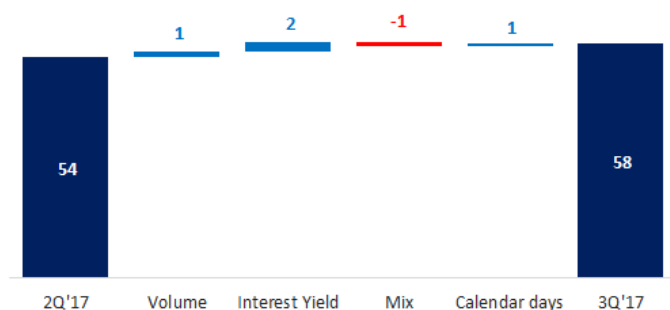
Our Net Interest Income in the third quarter of 2017 presented an increase of Ch\$3,387 million, or 6.2% when compared to the second quarter of 2017. This increase is explained by a marginal improvement in our spreads due to the marginal reduction in funding costs as the monetary policy rate continued to decrease.

As a consequence of these effects, our Net Interest Margin presented an increase of 14 basis points to 3.7% in the quarter.

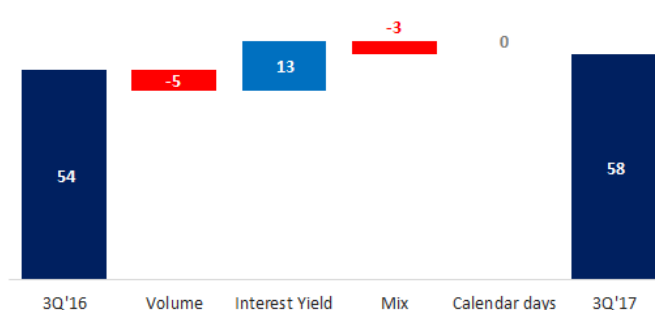
3Q17 versus 3Q16

When compared to the third quarter of 2016, our Net Interest Income increased Ch\$4,002 million, or 7.5%. This is explained by a decrease in our cost of funding due to the reduction in monetary policy rate previously mentioned. This was partially offset by a decrease of our interest earning assets. As a consequence, our Net Interest Margin presented a 46 basis point increase when compared to the third quarter of 2016.

Quarterly change of the Net Interest Income (Ch\$ Billion)



Yearly change of the Net Interest Income (Ch\$ Billion)





Credit Portfolio by Products

In the table below, the loan portfolio is split into two groups: wholesale lending and retail lending. For a better understanding of the performance of these portfolios, the main product groups of each segment are presented below.

In Ch\$ million, end of period	3Q17	2Q17	change	3Q16	change
Wholesale lending - Colombia	3,262,471	3,352,705	-2.7%	3,419,967	-4.6%
Commercial loans	2,750,978	2,821,251	-2.5%	2,863,149	-3.9%
Current account overdrafts	20,754	23,115	-10.2%	26,745	-22.4%
Leasing and Factoring	477,806	494,956	-3.5%	516,869	-7.6%
Other loans and receivables	12,933	13,383	-3.4%	13,205	-2.1%
Retail lending - Colombia	1,595,902	1,608,088	-0.8%	1,595,785	0.0%
Residential Mortgage loans	533,502	521,723	2.3%	500,634	6.6%
Housing leasing	293,814	290,995	1.0%	275,573	6.6%
Other mortgage loans	239,688	230,728	3.9%	225,061	6.5%
Consumer loans	1,062,400	1,086,365	-2.2%	1,095,152	-3.0%
Consumer loans payments	863,980	878,186	-1.6%	869,151	-0.6%
Current account overdrafts	4,016	4,131	-2.8%	3,923	2.4%
Credit card debtors	112,614	117,468	-4.1%	125,163	-10.0%
Leasing consumer	12,396	13,812	-10.2%	16,068	-22.9%
Other loans and receivables	69,394	72,768	-4.6%	80,847	-14.2%
TOTAL LOANS	4,858,373	4,960,793	-2.1%	5,015,752	-3.1%

Note: The loan portfolio for Colombia is expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate of Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

Excluding the effect of the foreign exchange variation, at the end of the third quarter of 2017, the Colombian portfolio decreased 2.1% and reached Ch\$4.9 trillion, when compared to the previous quarter and 3.1% during the 12-month period.

The loan portfolio trend in Colombia reflects the impact of a significantly lower pace of growth driven by the economic slowdown. After closing 2016 with a 2.0% economic expansion, 2017 has been affected by a weaker labor market and by the increase of VAT.

In this context, our retail loan portfolio reached Ch\$1.6 trillion at the end of the third quarter of 2017, a decrease of 0.8% compared to the previous quarter. Consumer loans reached Ch\$1.1 trillion, down 2.2% compared to the previous quarter and residential mortgage loans reached Ch\$533.5 billion at the end of the third quarter, an increase of 2.3% compared to the previous quarter. As the labor market continues to weaken and private confidence remains pessimistic, the dynamism of the consumption is likely to remain subdued in the short term, which will be accompanied by weak industrial activity in general.

The improvement in agricultural activity (after the end of the El Niño weather phenomenon) could not compensate for the contraction in construction and mining activity, mainly related to oil. The Colombian economy grew by 1.2% in the first half of the year (2.0% in 2016), affected by the lagged effect of the terms of trade shock (low in the price of hydrocarbons), the rate increase of monetary policy to control the acceleration of inflation in 2016, and the increase of VAT during the first quarter of 2017.

This trend continues to limit our wholesale loan portfolio expansion and, at the same time, has resulted in significant reductions on the credit quality of some customers. As a consequence of this challenging economic scenario, our commercial loans decreased 2.7% in the third quarter of 2017, totaling Ch\$3.3 trillion and decreased 4.6% in the 12-month period.

The expected recovery in economic activity and loans demand in next quarters this year and next year is based on the ongoing monetary stimulus cycle and the increase in investment related to the 4G PPP infraestructura program and the higher average oil prices.



Net Provision for Loan Losses - Breakdown for Colombia

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
Provision for Loan Losses	(26,055)	(34,086)	8,031	-23.6%	(36,718)	10,663	-29.0%	(97,811)	(108,419)	10,608	-9.8%
Recoveries of loans written-off as losses	1,448	3,550	(2,102)	-59.2%	2,253	(805)	-35.7%	6,272	5,988	284	4.7%
Net Provision for Loan Losses	(24,607)	(30,536)	5,929	-19.4%	(34,465)	9,858	-28.6%	(91,539)	(102,431)	10,892	-10.6%

Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

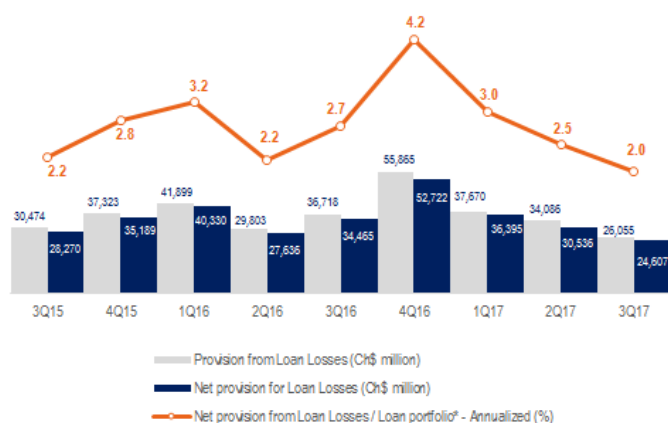
In the third quarter of 2017, net provision for loan losses (provision for loan losses, net of recovery of loans written off as losses) totaled Ch\$24,607 million, a 19.4% decrease from the previous quarter due to the decrease in the provision for loan losses.

Provision for loan losses decreased 23.6% compared to the previous quarter mainly due to lower provision in the corporate segment. The recovery of loans written off as losses decreased by Ch\$2,102 million (59.2%) from the second quarter of 2017.

Provision for Loan Losses and Loan Portfolio

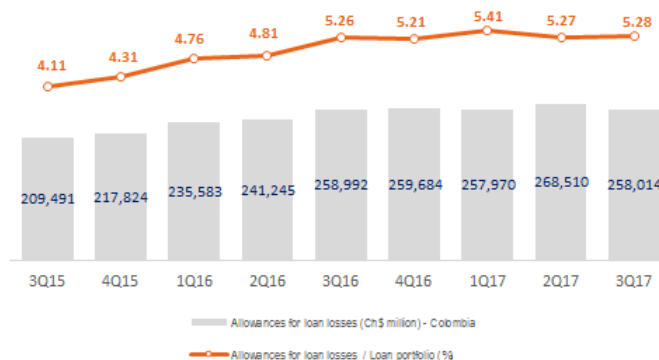
At the end of the third quarter of 2017, our provision for loan losses over loan portfolio was 2.0%, a decrease of 50 basis points compared to the previous quarter and an decrease of 70 basis points compared to the third quarter of last year.

Net Provision for Loan Losses and Loan Portfolio



Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

Allowance for Loan Losses and Loan Portfolio



Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

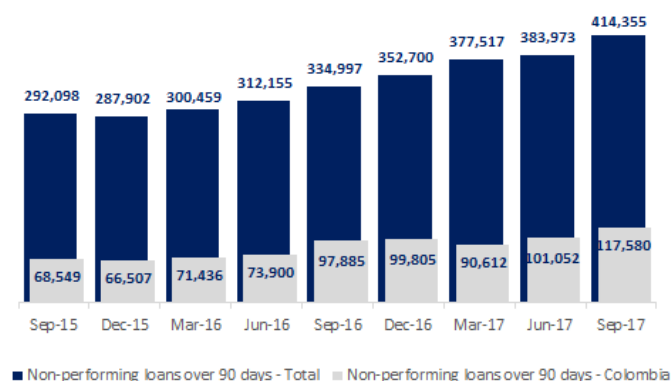
As of September 30, 2017, the loan portfolio decreased by 2.1% in constant currency compared to June 30, 2017, reaching Ch\$4.9 trillion, whereas the allowance for loan losses decreased 3.9% in the quarter, totaling Ch\$258,014 million. The ratio of allowance for loan losses to loan portfolio went from 5.27% as of June 30, 2017 to 5.28% as of September 30, 2017, almost stable in the quarter.



Delinquency Ratios Colombia

Non-Performing Loans

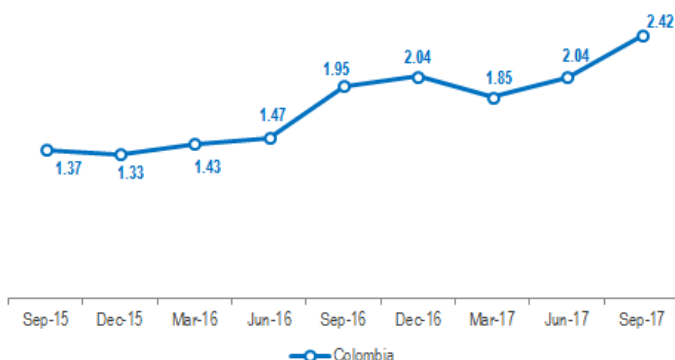
Ch\$ million



Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

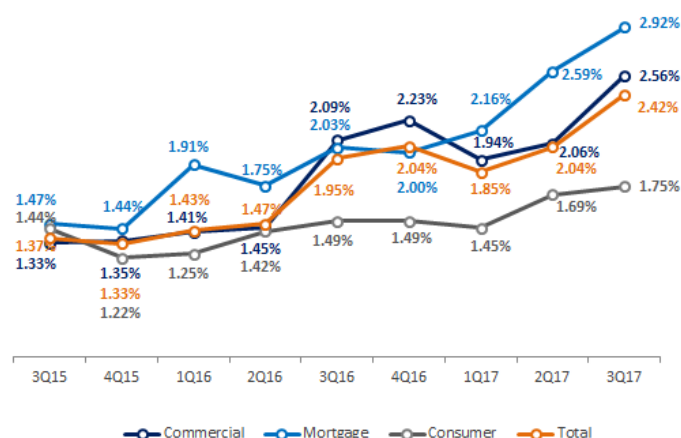
The portfolio of credits 90 days overdue increased 16.4% in the third quarter compared to previous quarter and increased 20.1% compared to same period of the previous year, driven by an increase in NPLs of mortgage and commercial loans 90 days overdue.

NPL Ratio (%) | over 90 days



The NPL ratio of credits 90 days overdue increased 38 basis points compared to the previous quarter, and reached 2.42% by the end of September 2017. Compared to the same period of 2016, the ratio increased 47 basis points, mainly due to the increased delinquency rates of companies.

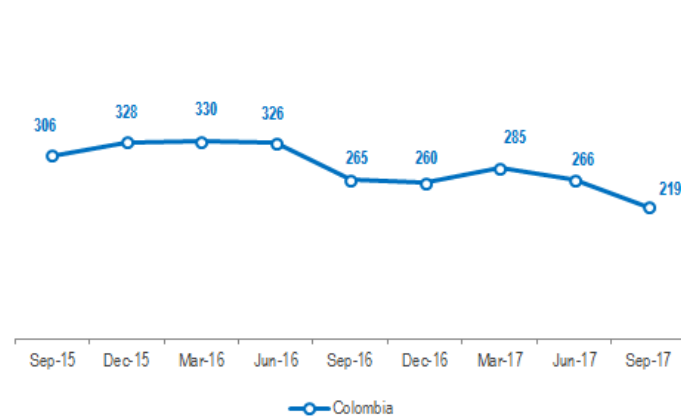
NPL Ratio (%) by Segments | over 90 days



In September 2017, the NPL ratio over 90 days for consumer loans increased from 1.69% to 1.75%. The NPL ratio for mortgage loans increased by 33 basis points (from 2.59% to 2.92%) from the previous quarter.

The NPL ratio increased by 50 basis points for commercial loans from 2.06% to 2.56% compared to June 2017 reflecting corporate customers arrears that the bank has previously provisioned.

Coverage Ratio (%) | 90 days

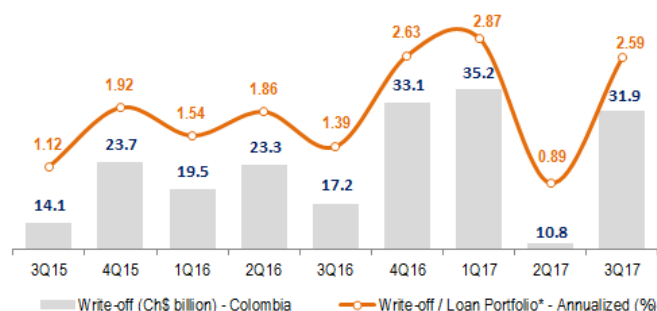


As of September 30, 2017, the 90-day coverage ratio reached 219%, a decrease of 47 percentage points from the previous quarter. On a 12-month comparison, the total 90-day coverage ratio decreased 46 percentage points.

It is important to note that we maintain a high coverage for the Colombian loan portfolio given that the regulatory criteria that we have to follow for that portfolio -for consolidation purposes only- is to apply the most conservative provisioning rule between Chile and Colombia.



Loan Portfolio Write-Off

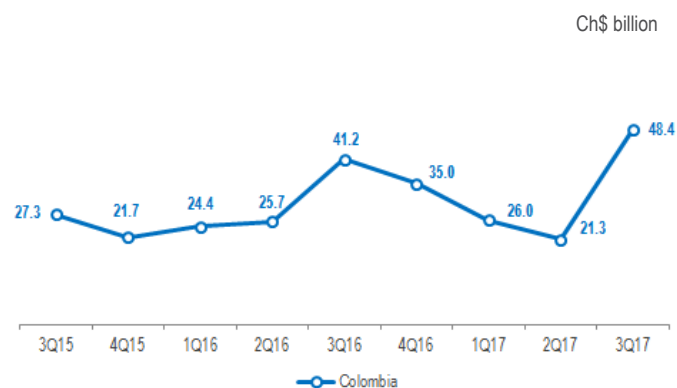


* Loan portfolio average balance of the two previous quarters.

Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

In the third quarter of 2017, the loan portfolio write-off totaled Ch\$31.9 billion, a 195.4% increase compared to the previous quarter. The ratio of written-off operations to loan portfolio average balance reached 2.59%, 1.7 percentage points increase compared to the second quarter of 2017.

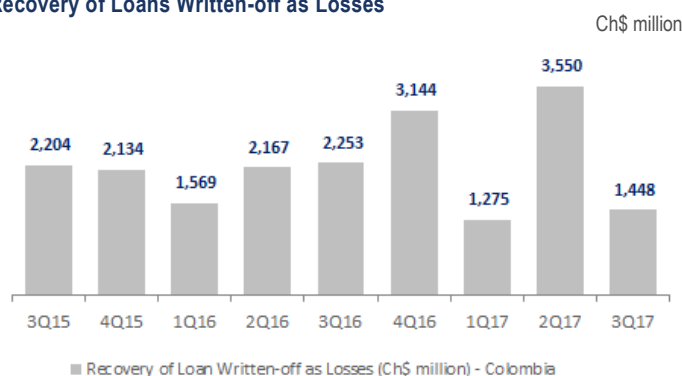
NPL Creation



Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

In the third quarter of 2017, the NPL Creation, reached Ch\$48.4 billion up 27.1% compared to the previous period.

Recovery of Loans Written-off as Losses

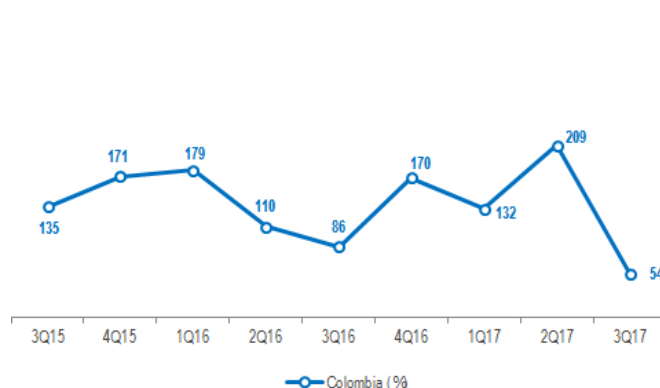


Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

In this quarter, income from recovery of loans written-off as losses decreased Ch\$2.102 million, or 59.2%, from the previous quarter.

In the third quarter of 2017, the income from recovery of loans written-off as losses decreased by Ch\$805 million or 35.7% compared to the same period of the previous year.

NPL Creation Coverage



In the third quarter of 2017, the total NPL Creation coverage reached 54%, down 155 percentage points compared to the previous quarter. This means that the provision for loan losses in the quarter was higher than the NPL Creation. The trend reflects that our portfolio is more concentrated in wholesale loans where we anticipate the provision compared to overdue loans.



Commissions and Fees Colombia

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
Credit & financial transactions fees	4,771	6,151	(1,380)	-22.4%	6,888	(2,117)	-30.7%	17,049	25,102	(8,054)	-32.1%
Asset Management & brokerage fees	2,159	2,538	(379)	-14.9%	3,292	(1,133)	-34.4%	7,746	11,338	(3,592)	-31.7%
Insurance brokerage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial advisory & other fees	(381)	983	(1,364)	-	294	(675)	-	1,085	(333)	1,418	-
Total Net Fee and Commission Income	6,549	9,672	(3,123)	-32.3%	10,474	(3,925)	-37.5%	25,880	36,107	(10,228)	-28.3%

Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

In the third quarter of 2017, commissions and fees amounted to Ch\$6,549 million, a decrease of 32.3% from the previous quarter driven by a decrease in all commission lines as a result of lower commercial activity due to a weaker economic scenario. Compared to the third quarter of 2016, these revenues decreased 37.5%, also driven by lower credit and financial transactions fees and asset management and brokerage fees.

Total Financial Transactions, net

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
Trading and investment income:											
Trading investments	5,182	9,427	(4,245)	-45.0%	9,075	(3,893)	-42.9%	31,642	32,774	(1,132)	-3.5%
Trading financial derivatives contracts	(44)	(325)	281	-86.5%	11,691	(11,735)	-	(1,049)	26,628	(27,677)	-
Other	371	6,672	(6,301)	-94.4%	2,865	(2,494)	-87.0%	7,634	3,683	3,950	107.2%
Net income from Financial Operations	5,509	15,774	(10,265)	-65.1%	23,631	(18,121)	-76.7%	38,227	63,085	(24,858)	-39.4%
Foreign exchange transactions:											
Net results from foreign exchange transactions	4,638	7,053	(2,415)	-34.2%	(7,755)	12,392	-	12,451	(10,902)	23,353	-
Revaluations of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net results from accounting hedge derivatives	18	-	18	-	-	18	-	33	-	33	-
Foreign Exchange Profit (loss), net	4,656	7,053	(2,397)	-34.0%	(7,755)	12,410	-	12,484	(10,902)	23,387	-
Net Total Financial Transactions Position	10,165	22,827	(12,662)	-55.5%	15,876	(5,711)	-36.0%	50,711	52,183	(1,472)	-2.8%

Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

In the third quarter of 2017, total financial transactions and foreign exchange profits amounted to Ch\$10,165 million, an decrease of 55.5% from the previous quarter reflecting negative market behavior. Compared to the third quarter of 2016, these revenues decreased 36.0%.



Operating Expenses

In Ch\$ million	3Q17	2Q17	change		3Q16	change		9M17	9M16	change	
Personnel expenses	(20,305)	(20,729)	424	-2.0%	(19,399)	(906)	4.7%	(62,201)	(55,764)	(6,437)	11.5%
Administrative expenses	(25,956)	(26,265)	309	-1.2%	(25,756)	(200)	0.8%	(76,591)	(72,360)	(4,231)	5.8%
Personnel and Administrative Expenses	(46,261)	(46,994)	733	-1.6%	(45,155)	(1,106)	2.5%	(138,792)	(128,124)	(10,668)	8.3%
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	(2,910)	(2,883)	(27)	0.9%	(3,958)	1,048	-26.5%	(8,612)	(7,471)	(1,141)	15.3%
Total Operating Expenses	(49,171)	(49,877)	706	-1.4%	(49,112)	(59)	0.1%	(147,404)	(135,595)	(11,809)	8.7%

Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

Operating expenses totaled Ch\$49,171 million in the third quarter of 2017, a 1.4% decrease when compared to the second quarter of 2017. This decrease is explained by lower personal and administrative expenses.

When compared to the third quarter of 2016, operating expenses remained virtually flat, increasing 0.1%.

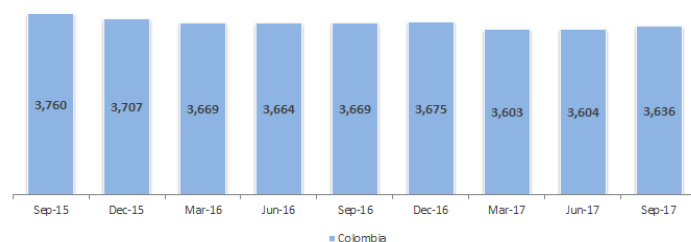
Personnel Expenses

Personnel expenses totaled Ch\$20,305 million in the third quarter of 2017, a 2.0% decrease when compared to the second quarter of 2017. This decrease is mainly explained by a reduction in profit sharing provision expenses.

When compared to the third quarter of 2016, personnel expenses increased 4.7%.

Number of Employees

The total number of employees was 3,636 at the end of the third quarter of 2017 compared to 3,604 in the second quarter of 2017 and 3,669 at the end of the third quarter of 2016, a 0.9% reduction in headcount in 12-month.



Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses amounted to Ch\$25,956 million in the third quarter of 2017, a 1.2% decrease when compared to the previous quarter. This decrease was mainly driven by costs related to the rebranding of all Helm branded branches to the Itaú layout and brand, marking the introduction of the Itaú brand in the Colombian retail banking in the previous quarter.

When compared to the third quarter of 2016, there is a 0.8% increase.

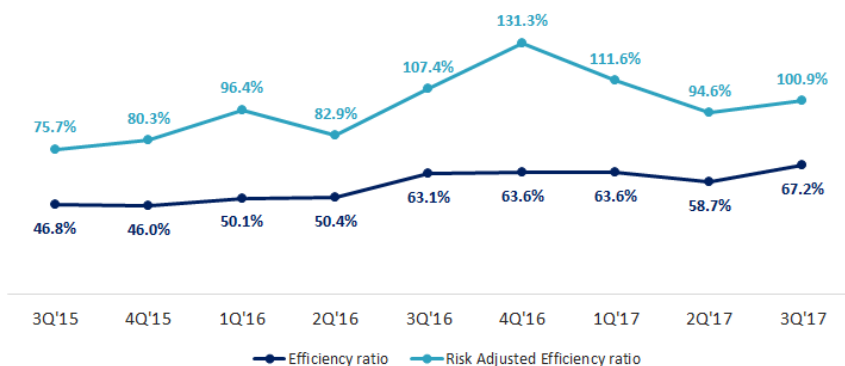
Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses totaled Ch\$2,910 million in the third quarter of 2017, a 0.9% increase when compared to the second quarter of 2017 and a 26.5% decrease when compared to the third quarter of 2016, which was impacted by a revision of the monthly amortization of intangibles executed during the quarter.



Efficiency Ratio and Risk-Adjusted Efficiency Ratio Colombia

We present the efficiency ratio and the risk-adjusted efficiency ratio, which includes the result from loan losses.



Note: Managerial results for Colombia are expressed in constant currency in order to eliminate the impact of the foreign exchange rate variation, thus all figures from each of the periods analyzed were converted into Chilean peso at a unique foreign exchange rate: Ch\$0.2176 per COP as of September 30, 2017.

$$\text{Risk-Adjusted Efficiency Ratio} = \frac{\text{Operating Expenses (Personnel Expenses + Administrative Expenses + Depreciation and Amortization + Impairment) + Result from Loan Losses}}{\text{Net Interest Income + Net Fee and Commission Income + Total Financial Transactions, net + Other Operating Income, net}}$$

Efficiency Ratio

In the third quarter of 2017, the efficiency ratio reached 67.2%, a deterioration of 8.5% when compared to the first quarter of 2017. This trend was mainly due to lower net operating profit of 14.0%.

When compared to the third quarter of 2016, the efficiency ratio deteriorated by 4.1 percentage points, mostly explained by the decrease in net operating profit before loan losses during the period of 6.0%.

Risk – Adjusted Efficiency Ratio

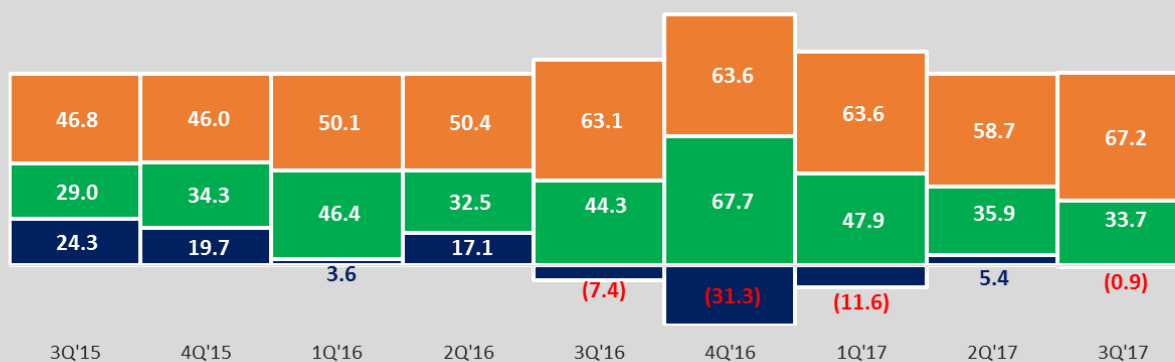
The risk-adjusted efficiency ratio, which also includes the result from loan losses, reached 100.9% in the third quarter of 2017, a deterioration of 6.3 percentage points compared to the previous quarter, mainly as a result of lower net operating profit in the period.

When compared to the second quarter of 2016, the risk-adjusted efficiency ratio deteriorated by 11.7 percentage points mainly due to the decrease of net operating profit.

Net Operating Profit Before Loan Losses Distribution

The chart below shows the portions of net operating profit before loan losses used to cover operating expenses and result from loan losses.

$$\text{Net Operating Profit Before Loan Losses} \quad (-) \quad \text{Efficiency Ratio} \quad (-) \quad \text{Result from Loan Losses / Net Operating Profit Before Loan Losses} = \text{Operating Income / Net Operating Profit Before Loan Losses}$$





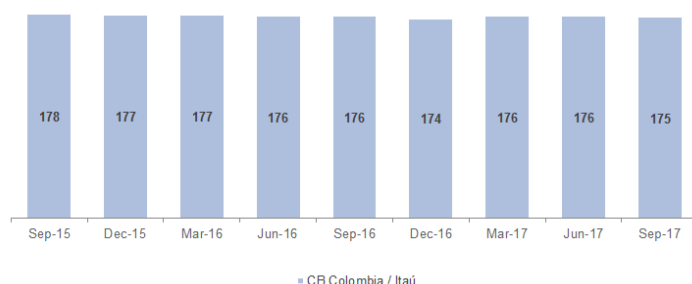
Points of Service Colombia

Our distribution network provides integrated financial services and products to our customers through diverse channels, including ATMs, branch offices, internet banking and telephone banking.

Branches

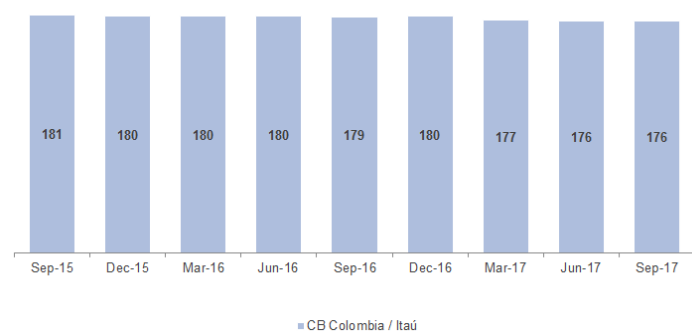
As of September 30, 2017, we had 175 branches, in both Colombia and Panama, under the brands “Itaú” and “CorpBanca”.

As part of our integration process, in the second quarter of 2017 we have introduced the “Itaú” brand completing the rebranding of the Helm’s branch network in May 2017.



Automated Teller Machines (ATMs)

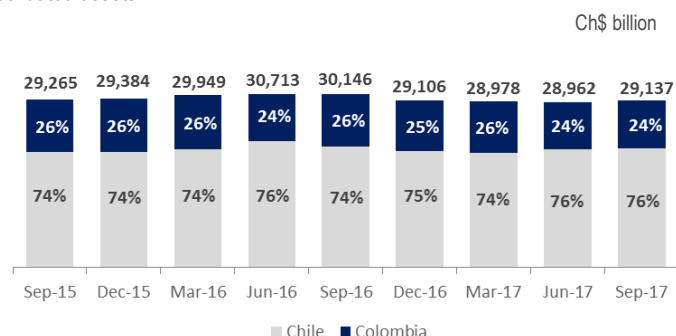
By the end of the third quarter of 2017, the number of ATMs totaled 176. Additionally, our customers had access to over 15,200 ATMs in Colombia through Colombia’s financial institutions.



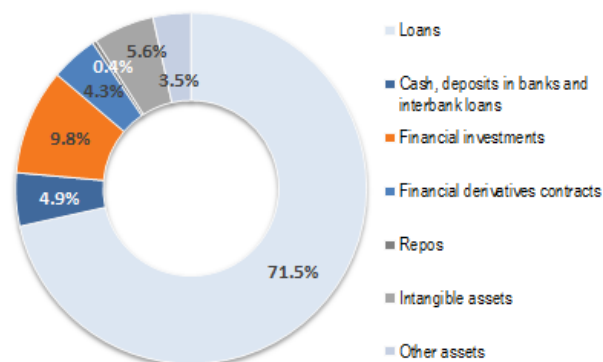
Assets

As of September 30, 2017, total consolidated assets amounted to Ch\$29.1 trillion, a 0.6% increase compared to the end of the previous quarter and a decrease of 3.3% in 12-month.

The chart below shows the contribution of Chile and Colombia to the total consolidated assets.



Assets Breakdown | September 30, 2017



Funding

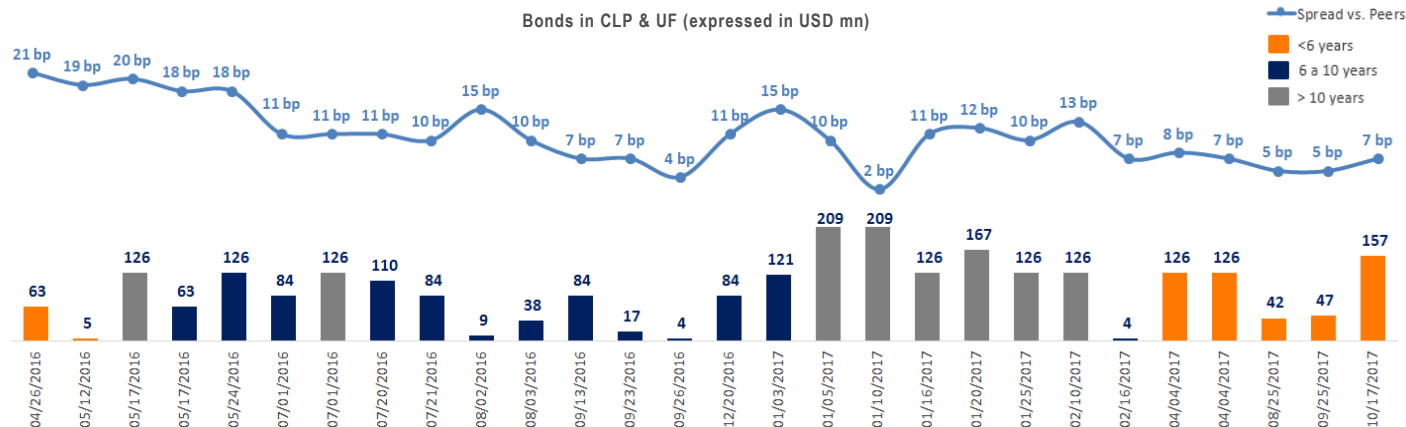
In Ch\$ million, end of period

	3Q17	2Q17	change	3Q16	change
Deposits and other demand liabilities	4,196,900	4,355,763	-3.6%	4,285,401	-2.1%
Time deposits and saving accounts	10,046,623	9,957,387	0.9%	12,066,937	-16.7%
Investments sold under repurchase agreements	840,502	554,993	51.4%	699,898	20.1%
Letters of credit	71,955	76,651	-6.1%	86,687	-17.0%
Bonds	4,863,878	5,229,423	-7.0%	4,121,554	18.0%
Subordinated bonds	1,039,553	1,085,294	-4.2%	1,073,451	-3.2%
Interbank borrowings	2,243,980	2,073,996	8.2%	2,299,507	-2.4%
Other financial liabilities	14,904	16,518	-9.8%	20,944	-28.8%

Total funding, including interbank deposits, amounted to Ch\$23.3 trillion by the end of the third quarter of 2017, almost stable compared to the previous quarter. This stability is consistent with our growth pace in our commercial activity.

Our funding strategy is to optimize all sources of funding in accordance with their costs, their availability, and our general asset and liability management strategy. The funding structure in the period of time analyzed in this report has changed seeking for a longer tenor maturity and diversification.

In this context, Itaú CorpBanca successfully placed US\$1,585 million senior bonds in the local market year-to-date (US\$957 million in 2016) from which only US\$246 million were issued in the third quarter of 2017 seeking for longer maturity tenor and maintaining comfortable liquidity levels under BIS III standards. In addition, the spreads obtained on these issuances have allowed for an improvement in the cost of funds. The terms of these bonds are set forth below:



Our strategy of diversification also includes two syndicated loans, one for US\$465 million maturing in April 2020 and a US\$200 million AB Loan led by IFC (a 5-year tenor for the A Loan and a 3-year tenor for the B Loan, maturing in December 2020 and December 2018, respectively).

Assets | September 30, 2017

In Ch\$ million, end of period	Consolidated*	Business in Chile	Ch\$	UF	FX	Business in Colombia
Cash and deposits in banks	899,486	478,698	239,910	-	238,788	420,788
Unsettled transactions	574,371	573,728	305,159	-	268,569	643
Trading investments	461,192	44,866	44,866	-	-	416,326
Available-for-sale investments	2,142,493	1,542,565	1,088,901	422,760	30,904	599,928
Held-to-maturity investments	242,477	144,437	-	-	144,437	98,040
Investments under resale agreements	111,383	78,681	78,455	-	226	32,702
Financial derivatives contracts	1,261,472	1,170,030	985,067	68,004	116,959	91,442
Interbank loans, net	529,578	308,932	263,937	-	44,995	220,646
Loans and accounts receivable from customers	20,819,052	15,960,679	5,871,456	7,677,883	2,411,340	4,858,373
Loan loss allowances	(626,143)	(368,129)	(335,688)	-	(32,441)	(258,014)
Investments in other companies	22,231	15,714	15,714	-	-	6,517
Intangible assets	1,633,592	1,430,879	1,429,299	-	1,580	202,713
Property, plant and equipment	141,651	91,498	90,393	-	1,105	50,153
Current taxes	234,136	195,657	194,015	-	1,642	38,479
Deferred taxes	354,978	269,318	233,758	-	35,560	85,660
Other assets	335,437	262,203	136,215	6,596	119,392	73,234
Total Assets	29,137,386	22,199,756	10,641,457	8,175,243	3,383,056	6,937,630

Liabilities | September 30, 2017

In Ch\$ million, end of period	Consolidated*	Business in Chile	Ch\$	UF	FX	Business in Colombia
Deposits and other demand liabilities	4,196,900	2,197,753	1,804,470	9,530	383,753	1,999,147
Unsettled transactions	499,384	499,384	267,415	-	231,969	-
Investments sold under repurchase agreements	840,502	342,940	336,545	-	6,395	497,562
Time deposits and other time liabilities	10,046,623	7,685,669	5,709,946	949,701	1,026,022	2,360,954
Financial derivatives contracts	1,003,787	942,900	781,921	80,108	80,871	60,887
Interbank borrowings	2,243,980	1,634,441	(1,294)	46,012	1,589,723	609,539
Issued debt instruments	5,975,386	5,457,961	1,072,085	3,431,939	953,937	517,425
Other financial liabilities	14,904	13,883	13,883	-	-	1,021
Current taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred taxes	225,089	122,391	121,752	-	639	102,698
Provisions	181,481	107,736	92,185	-	15,551	73,745
Other liabilities	457,275	407,555	186,116	134,928	86,511	49,720
Total Liabilities	25,685,311	19,412,613	10,385,024	4,652,218	4,375,371	6,272,698
Capital	1,862,826	1,776,579	1,776,579	-	-	86,247
Reserves	1,294,108	665,227	665,227	-	-	628,881
Valuation adjustment	9,793	6,072	6,072	-	-	3,721
Retained Earnings:	60,986					
Retained earnings or prior periods	1,441	53,699	53,699	-	-	(52,258)
Income for the period	85,065	87,582	16,699	56,091	14,792	(2,517)
Minus: Provision for mandatory dividend	(25,520)	(25,520)	(25,520)	-	-	-
Attributable to bank shareholders	3,227,713	2,563,639	2,492,756	56,091	14,792	664,074
Non-controlling interest	224,362	223,504	223,504	-	-	858
Total Equity	3,452,075	2,787,143	2,716,260	56,091	14,792	664,932
Total equity and liabilities	29,137,386	22,199,756	13,101,284	4,708,309	4,390,163	6,937,630

* Consolidated data not only considers Chile and Colombia but also adjustments related to intercompany and minority shareholders.

Solvency Ratios

In Ch\$ millions, end of period		3Q17	2Q17
Core Capital¹		3,227,714	3,235,543
(-) Goodwill		(1,182,342)	(1,182,453)
(+) Subordinated debt		1,021,248	1,034,712
(+) Minority interest		224,362	225,342
= Regulatory Capital (Core Capital + Tier II Capital)		3,290,982	3,313,143
Risk-Weighted Assets (RWA)		22,824,729	22,927,930
Ratios (%)	BIS (Regulatory Capital / Risk-weighted assets)²	14.4%	14.5%
	Core Capital Ratio (ex-goodwill) ¹	9.0%	9.0%

Note: (1) Core Capital = Capital Básico according to SBIF BIS I definitions. (2) BIS Ratio= Regulatory capital / RWA, according to SBIF BIS I definitions.

Minimum Capital Requirement

Our minimum capital requirements follow the set of rules disclosed by the SBIF, which implement the Basel I capital requirements standards in Chile. These requirements are expressed as ratios of available capital - stated by the Referential Equity, or of Total Capital, composed of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital - and the risk-weighted assets, or RWA. Minimum total capital requirement corresponds to 10.0%.

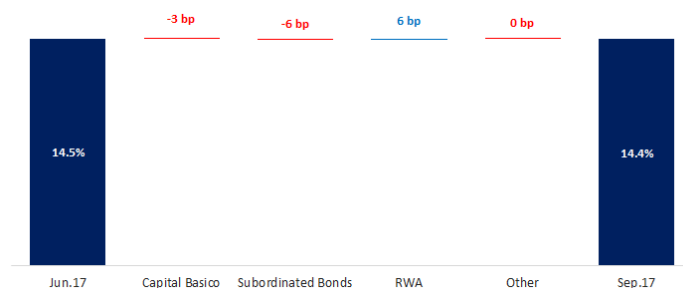
Itaú CorpBanca will target a capital ratio based on the greater of 120% of the minimum regulatory capital requirement of the average regulatory capital ratio of the three largest private banks in Chile and Colombia.

As of July 31, 2017, the last public information published by the SBIF, the average regulatory capital ratio of the three largest private banks in Chile was 13.7%.

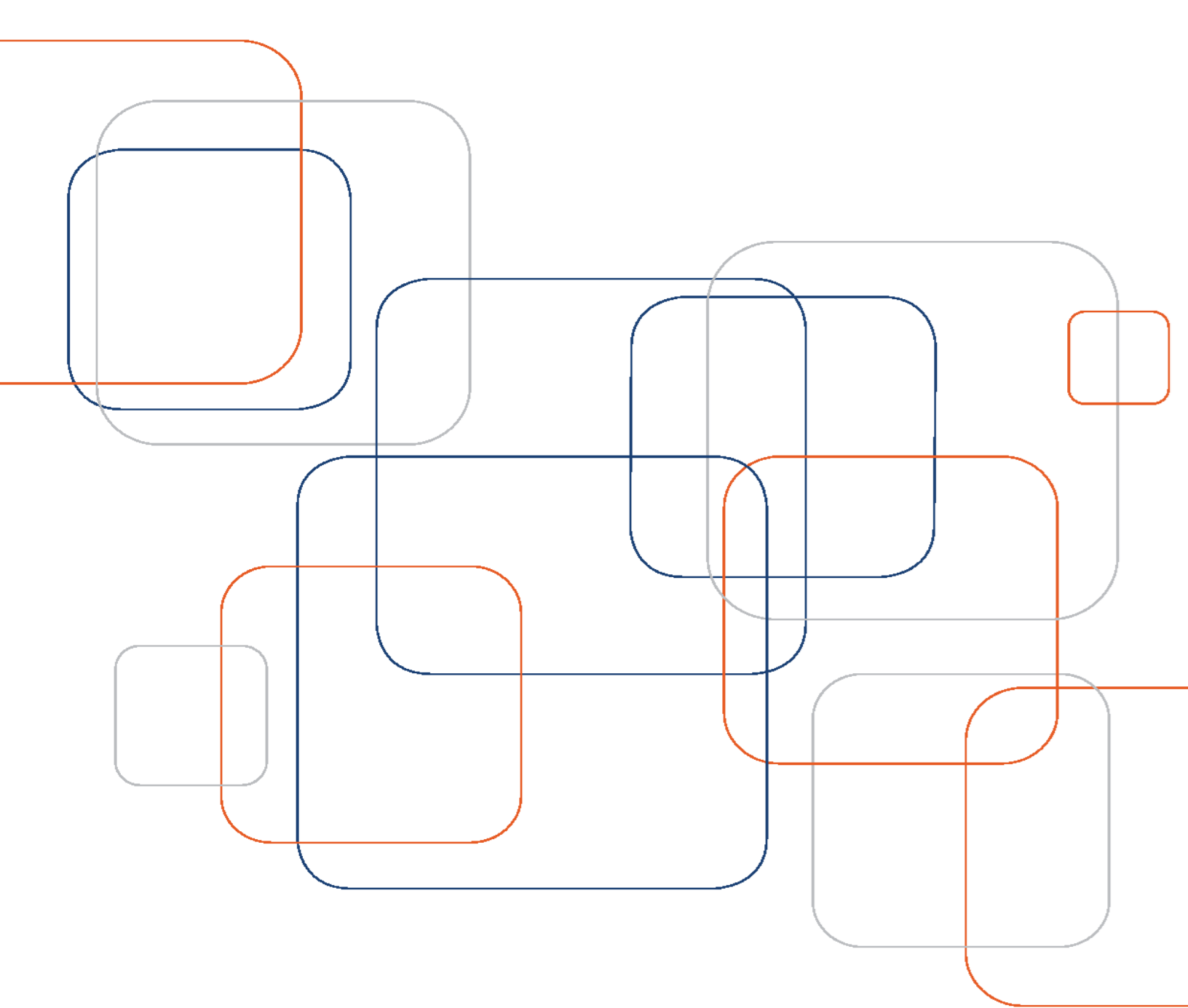
Quarterly Evolution of the Regulatory Capital Ratio

At the end of second quarter of 2017 our Regulatory Capital Ratio reached 14.4%, a 3 basis point decrease when compared to the second quarter of 2017.

This decrease is mainly explained by the reduction of our Basic Capital due to the decrease in retained earnings in the period and by increase of subordinated debt balance due to currency translation effects, partly offset by the decrease of risk weighted assets.



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3rd quarter of 2017

Management Discussion & Analysis

Additional Information

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Ownership Structure

Itaú CorpBanca capital stock is comprised of 512,406,760,091 common shares traded on the Santiago Stock Exchange. Shares are also traded as American Depositary Receipts ("ADR") on the New York Stock Exchange.

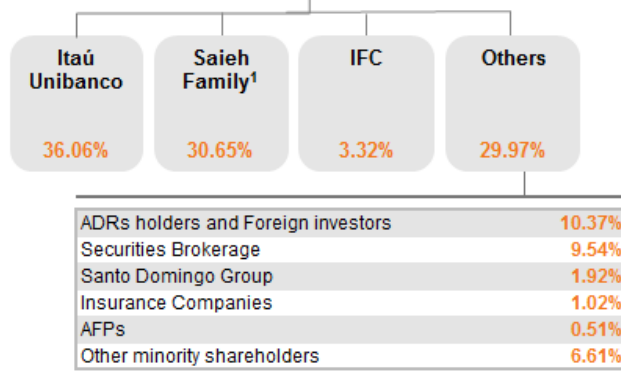
Since the completion of the Merger on April 1, 2016, Itaú CorpBanca is being controlled by Itaú Unibanco. As a result of this transaction, the current shareholders structure is as follows:

Shareholders - % Total share capital

September 30, 2017

ITAÚ CORPBANCA

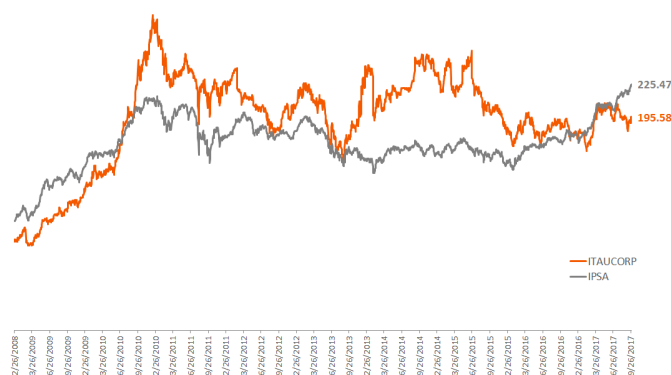
Total shares: 512,406,760,091 (100%)



1- Includes 182,125,023 shares owned by Cía. Inmobiliaria y de Inversiones Saga SpA that are under custody.

ITAUCORP vs IPSA Index

(Base 100 = 12/26/2008)



Dividends

The following table shows dividends per share distributed during the past five years:

Company	Charge to Fiscal Year	Year paid	Net Income (Ch\$m)	% Distributed	Dividend per Share (Ch\$)
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	2012	2013	59,147	0%	-
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	2012	2013	120,080	50%	0.17640239
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	2013	2014	87,723	0%	-
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	2013	2014	155,093	57%	0.25973600
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	2014	2015	85,693	31%	18,447.50
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	2014	2015	226,260	50%	0.33238491
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	Retained Earnings	2015	239,860	100%	0.70472815
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	2015	2016	104,336	50%	36,387.38
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	2015	2016	201,771	50%	0.29640983
Banco Itaú Chile CorpBanca	2015	2016	201,771	UF 124,105	0.00939188
Itaú CorpBanca	2016	2017	2,059	30%	0.001205475

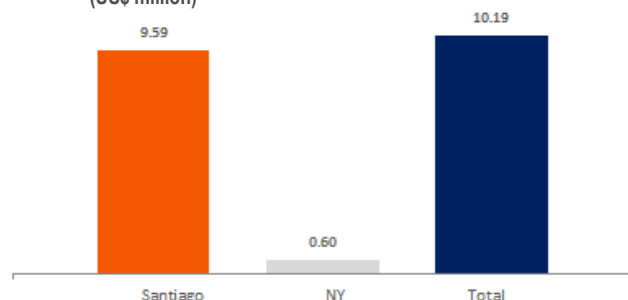
Itaú CorpBanca paid its annual dividend of Ch\$0.001205475/share in Chile on March 27, 2017. The dividend payout ratio was 30% of 2016 Net Income, equivalent to a dividend yield of 0.02%.

For purposes of capital requirements, annual dividends are provisioned at 30%. Dividend policy approved by shareholders in March 2017 in the Annual Shareholders Meeting is to distribute a final dividend of 100% of the annual net income net from the necessary reserves to comply with capital ratios defined as "Optimal Regulatory Capital" in the "Shareholders Agreement" whose terms are part of the "Transaction Agreement" executed on January 29, 2014.

Stock Market Performance | 3Q 2017

Average daily traded volumes 12 months ended
September 30, 2017

(US\$ million)



Itaú CorpBanca ADR (ITCB)

(Base 100 = 12/26/2008)



Credit Risk Ratings

International Credit Risk Rating

On a global scale, Itaú Corpbanca is rated by two worldwide recognized agencies: Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") and Standard & Poor's Global Ratings ("Standard & Poor's" or "S&P").

On May 10, 2017, Moody's affirmed 'A3/Prime-2' ratings. Ratings benefit from Moody's assessment of a high probability of government support and very high probability of affiliate support from its controlling shareholder, Itaú Unibanco. Ratings have a 'Stable' outlook as expected improvements in terms of profitability and maintenance of good asset quality are counterbalanced by the bank's low capitalization.

Moody's	Rating
Long-term foreign currency deposits	A3
Long-term foreign currency debt	A3
Short-term foreign currency deposits	Prime-2
Outlook	Stable

On August 4, 2017, Standard & Poor's affirmed our 'BBB+A-2' ratings and removed the 'CreditWatch Negative' assigned on July 14, 2017 following the sovereign downgrade. The Outlook is 'Negative' reflecting S&P's view that there is at least a one-in-three chance that they could downgrade us and other eight Chilean financial institutions if growth in lending and property prices picks up in Chile, leading to pressures on economic imbalances given the country's already weakened external position. The latter led to a downgrade of Chile sovereign rating on July 13, 2017.

Standard & Poor's	Rating
Long-term issuer credit rating	BBB+
Senior unsecured bonds	BBB+
Short-term issuer credit rating	A-2
Outlook	Negative

Local Credit Risk Rating

On a national scale, Itaú Corpbanca is rated by Feller Rate Clasificadora de Riesgo Ltda. ("Feller Rate") and by Standard & Poor's Global Ratings Chile Clasificadora de Riesgo Ltda. ("Standard & Poor's Chile" or "S&P Chile").

On March 31, 2017, Feller Rate affirmed local ratings in 'AA', reflecting a strong business profile, a strong risk profile, an adequate capital and liquidity position and a moderate generation capacity. The outlook was confirmed as 'Stable'.

Feller Rate	Rating
Long-term issuer credit rating	AA
Senior unsecured bonds	AA
Letters of credit	AA
Long-term deposits	AA
Subordinated bonds	AA-
Short-term deposits	Nivel 1+
Shares	1ª Clase Nivel 1
Outlook	Stable

On October 12, 2017, S&P Chile rated our long-term issuer credit rating in 'clAA' based on an improvement in the bank's performance after our revision of credit portfolio. S&P Chile expects our performance to continue improving for the rest of the year and in 2018, with gradual recovery of asset quality metrics, modest lending growth, stable margins, and lower dividend payments. In S&P's view, there is a moderately high likelihood that we would receive government support if needed for being a systemically important institution. Itaú Corpbanca is viewed as an insulated subsidiary from potential liquidity problems that its controlling shareholder may have, which does not limit the rating on the former to those on the latter. The Outlook is 'Negative' reflecting the negative trend S&P view in Chile's economic risk trend, as part of their Banking Industry Country Risk Assessment (BICRA) evaluation, and potential downward revision of the anchor if the negative trend leads to a BICRA downgrade.

Standard & Poor's Chile	Rating
Long-term issuer credit rating	clAA
Senior unsecured bonds	clAA
Letters of credit	clAA
Long-term deposits	clAA
Subordinated bonds	clAA-
Short-term deposits	clA- 1+
Shares	1ª Clase Nivel 1
Outlook	Negative

CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this Report may be considered as forward-looking statements. Forward-looking information is often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "plan", "intend", "forecast", "target", "project", "may", "will", "should", "could", "estimate", "predict" or similar words suggesting future outcomes or language suggesting an outlook. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding expected benefits and synergies from the recent merger of Banco Itaú Chile with and into CorpBanca, the integration process of both banks, the expected timing of completion of the transaction, anticipated future financial and operating performance and results, including estimates for growth, as well as risks and benefits of changes in the laws of the countries we operate, including the Tax Reform in Chile.

These statements are based on the current expectations of Itaú CorpBanca's management. There are risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements included in this communication. For example, (1) problems that may arise in successfully integrating the businesses of Banco Itaú Chile and CorpBanca, which may result in the combined company not operating as effectively and efficiently as expected; (2) the combined company may be unable to achieve cost-cutting synergies or it may take longer than expected to achieve those synergies; (3) the credit ratings of the combined company or its subsidiaries may be different from what Itaú CorpBanca or its controlling shareholders expect; (4) the business of Itaú CorpBanca may suffer as a result of uncertainty surrounding the merger; (5) the industry may be subject to future regulatory or legislative actions that could adversely affect Itaú CorpBanca; and (6) Itaú CorpBanca may be adversely affected by other economic, business, and/or competitive factors.

Forward-looking statements and information are based on current beliefs as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to Itaú CorpBanca's management. Although management considers these assumptions to be reasonable based on information currently available to it, they may prove to be incorrect. By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks that predictions, forecasts, projections and other forward-looking statements will not be achieved.

We caution readers not to place undue reliance on these statements as a number of important factors could cause the actual results to differ materially from the beliefs, plans, objectives, expectations and anticipations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. More information on potential factors that could affect Itaú CorpBanca's financial results is included from time to time in the "Risk Factors" section of Itaú CorpBanca's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC. Furthermore, any forward-looking statement contained in this Report speaks only as of the date hereof and Itaú CorpBanca does not undertake any obligation to update publicly or to revise any of the included forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The forward-looking statements contained in this Report are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

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